# LESSON PLANS

(English)

1ST TERM

LEVEL 1

## Lesson Plan

(English)

Level: 1

Term: 1

Week: 1

Communication	Reading	Writing	Assessment
a. Nursery Rhyme     (Twinkle . Twinkle)     b. Fun Activity     (Capital & Small Letter)	• Text 'Where's Clever Cat	Letter Formation     (Capital & Small)      Common Noun &     Proper Noun	×

Level: 1 Term: 1	Lesson Plan	Communication
Week: 1		
Day: 1		

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to:

- Enjoy the rhythm of the nursery rhyme

- Pronounce the rhyming words and lines of the song

2. Function:

Singing a traditional rhyme

3. Activity:

Singing a Rhyme

4. Material:

a. Poem Page (Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star), cassette and

cassette Player b. (Capital and small letters)

#### 5. Procedure

Task A

**Nursery Rhyme** 

#### a. Preparation

Tell them that they are going to listen and sing a poem song from the cassette

#### b. Introduction

- Write name of the poem song on the board.

- Discuss the topic and check the vocabulary comprehension if it is needed.

#### c. Listening

Play the cassette and they will listen only

#### d. Singing

- Distribute the poem pages. Ask them to move fingers on the lines while singing the poem.
- -They will sing along with the cassette. You should also join them and sing in full tone and rhythm. (More then once)

#### e. Group Singing

Divide the class into two sections (play the cassette again) One section recites the rhyming lines and the other listen then the second group sings and the first one listens.

f. Stop playing the cassette and ask your students to sing themselves without listening to the cassette.

#### Task B Fun Activity

(Capital and Small Letters)

Level: 1 Term: 1

Worksheet (Twinkle, Twinkle little Star) Communication Nursery Rhyme

Week: 1 Day: 1

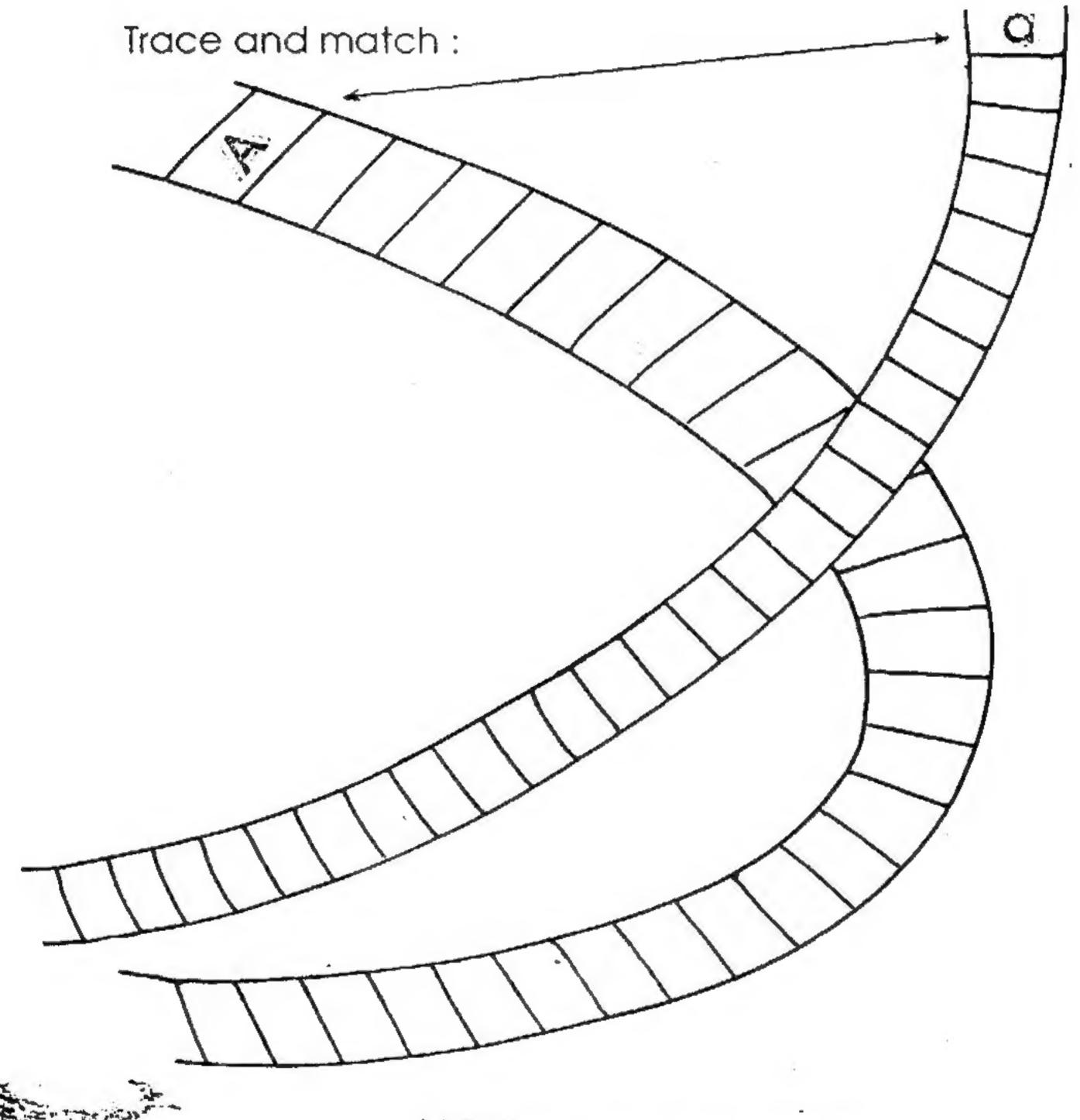
Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star

Twinkle, twinkle, little star, How I wonder what you are! Up above the world so high, Like a diamond in the sky. Twinkle, twinkle, little star, How I wonder what you are!



Level: 1		÷
Term: 1	Worksheet	Fun Activity
Week: 1		(capital and small letters)
Day: 1		

- There are two strips \_ one is for capital letters and the other is for small letters.
- Write the letters in the boxes and then match with each other



Write your name:

Level: 1 Term: 1 Week: 1 Day: 2	Lesson Plan	Communication
<ol> <li>Objectives:</li> <li>Function:</li> <li>Activity:</li> <li>Material:</li> </ol>	The learners will be able to  - talk to each other  - talk about personal information  Describing a person  Interview, Making Profile Card  Used Cards	
They will clip or stocan help them if the b. Pair Work Write the following card and take information. Name:	to bring ten greeting cards or 10 calenda titch together in the center to give it a share have some difficulty in preparing the age on the board. Ask your learners to committee from his or her partner and fill Likes:	ape of a booklet. (You book).  by it on a profile
Age:	Sister:	
School:	Brother:	
Class:	Father's Name	•
Good at:	Mother' Name	
Encourage them to sa	riting, ask them to read out their friend ay in complete sentences name is	ds profile card later on
make profile cards information from the	formation from more friends and fill up of their friends in class by asking and taken friends. They will go to them and ask many cards as they can. They can prepare	king following k for the information.
<ul> <li>Encourage them to clear and neat hand</li> <li>They should be parand subjects.</li> </ul>	make a profile book, neat, colorful and o	es of person, month
6. Follow up:		
Ask them to c	hose a profile card of a friend and rewrit	te in the homework
ree Writing	5 Mins.	

Level: 1
Term: I Lesson Plan Reading
Week: 1
Day: 3

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to

read with fluency and correct pronunciation

read and understand the story

2. Skills:

Reading Aloud . Reading Comprehension

3. Topic:

"Where's clever cat?"

4. Material:

Text page (Where's clever cat?). Worksheet

#### 5. Procedure

#### a. Ask the following

- 1. Do you know the names of two animals, which begins with E and C?
- 2 Which animals is more clever, cat or elephant?
- 3. Can you guess the name of the story?

#### b. Reading Aloud

- Distribute the text pages and write the topic on the board talk about the pictures
- Read the story aloud
- You read and the student follow you in a chorus

#### c. Group reading

Divide the class in two sections. One section reads aloud the lines of next picture and so on.

#### d. Paired Reading

One pair reads the lines of picture one then next pair reads the lines of picture two and so on.

#### e. Worksheets

Distribute the worksheets. Ask them to read the text first and then do the task at the worksheet. They should work in pairs while doing the task at the worksheet.

Task 1

Task 2

Task 3

Peer checking and feedback follows each task.

6. Follow Up: "Repeat task. -3- and draw a picture of an elephant or a cat"

Level: 1
Term: 1

**Reading Text** 

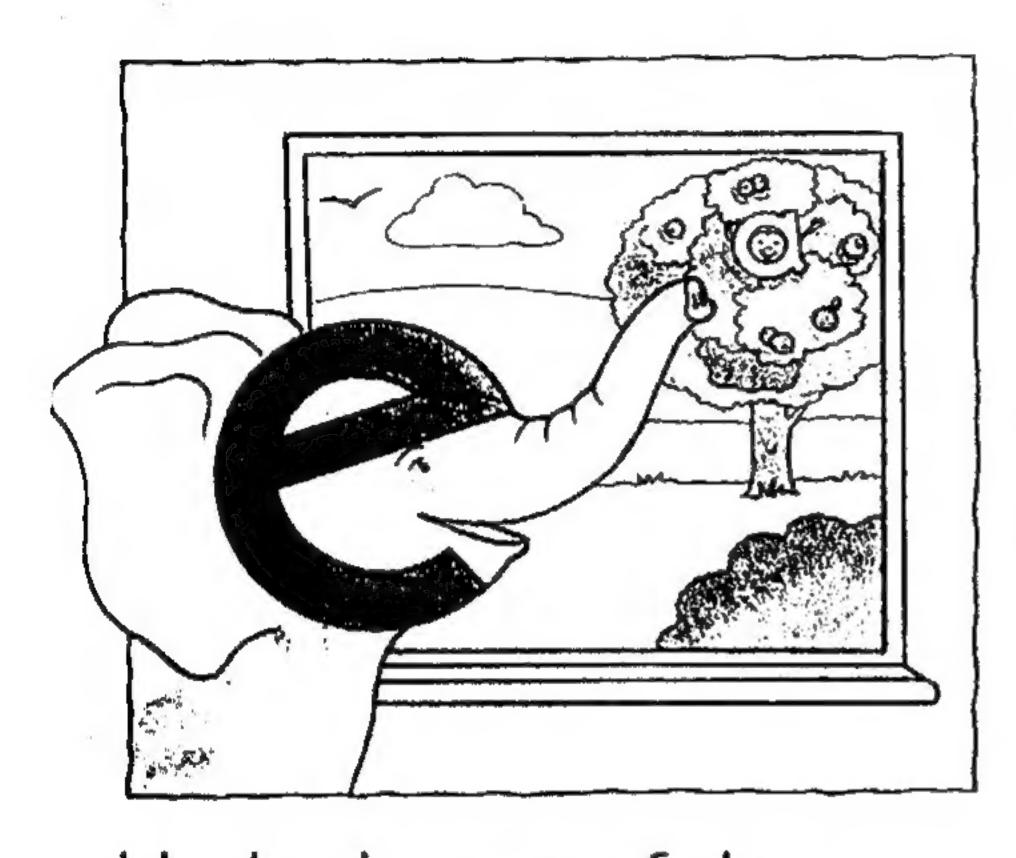
Week:

Day:

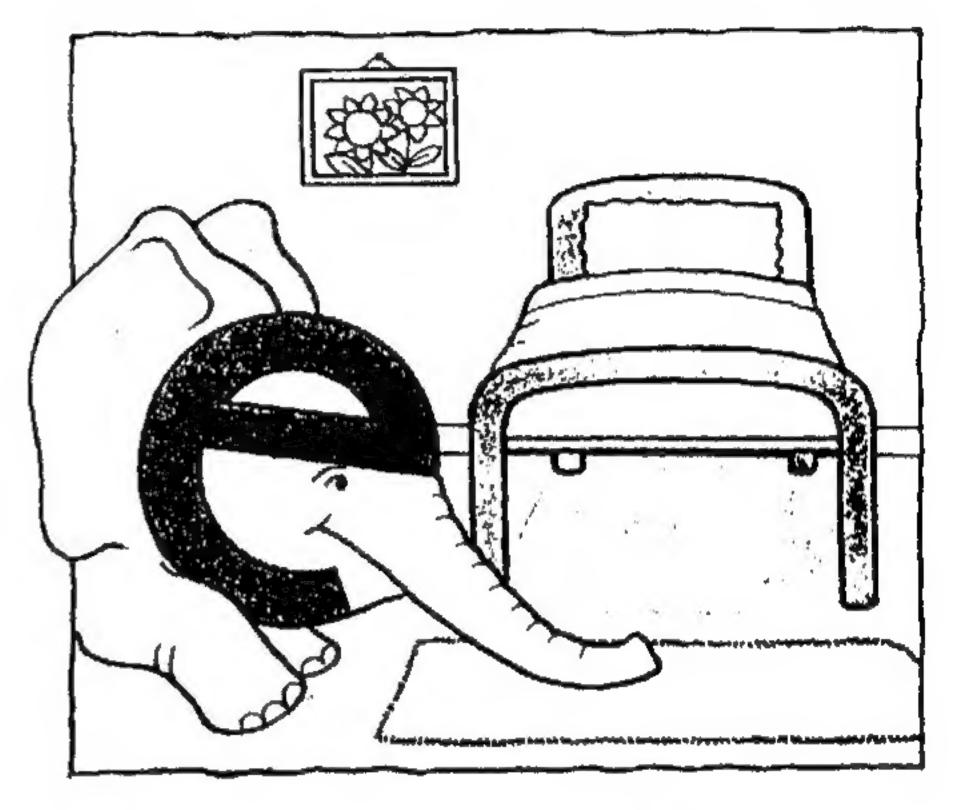
# Where's Clever Cat?

Eddy Elephant is looking for Clever Cat.

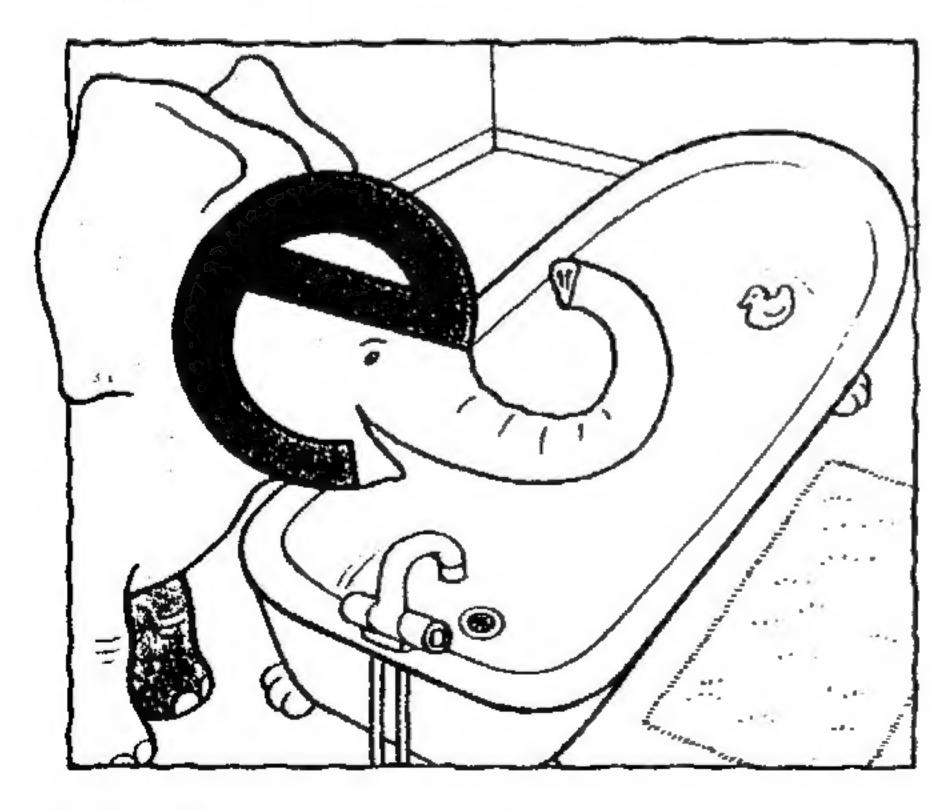




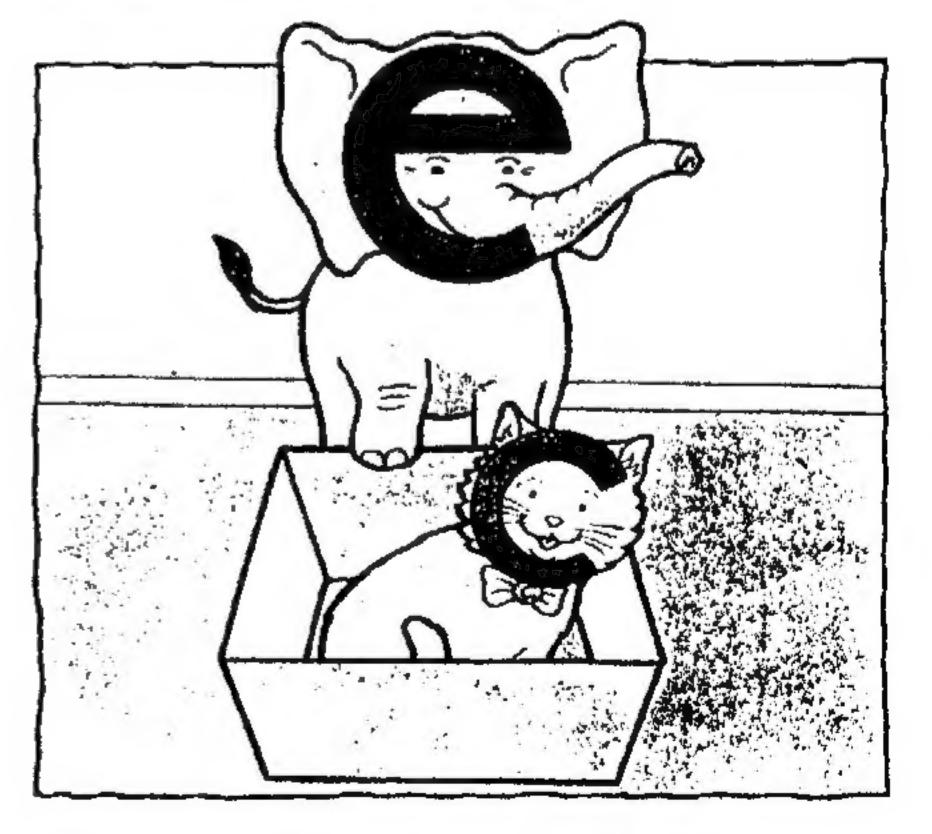
He looks out of the window. Is she there?



He looks under the bed. Is she there?



He looks in the bath. Is she there?



He looks in the box. There she is!

Level:		D 11
Term:		Reading
Week:		
Day:	3	
Task 1.	Read the text and comple he sentences	
	Eddy Elephant looks:	
	- out of	
	- in the	
	- under the	
	- in the	•
Task 2.	Give numbers to the sentences as the elephonetral.  First is done for you.	ant looks for the
	He looks under the bed.	
	He looks in the box.	
	1 He looks out of the windo	ws.
	He looks in the bath.	
Task 3.	Write answers for the questions.	•
	1. Who is clever, cat or elephant?	
	2. Where was the cat?	

Ferm: 1	W Total	
	Lesson Plan Writing	
Week: 1		
Day: 4	AND	
1. Objective	s: To enable the learners to:	
	- form and use capital letters.	
2. Function:		
3. Activity:	Letter formation- capital and small	
4. Material:	A chart of capital letters and small letters. Work sheet	
5. Procedur a. Presentati		
rugnugur	ne following femaliks on a chart of on the board. Ose bord markers	
	Most words are written with small letters.	
	Names always start with capital letter.	
properly.	e worksheets and ask your learners to work on it. Explain each tasl	
properly.  Task1 Write		
Task1 Write	15 capital letters from the alphabet that is made up of straight lines	
Task1 Write A Task2 Wri	15 capital letters from the alphabet that is made up of straight lines (with few examples on the board)	
Task1 Write A Task2 Write B	15 capital letters from the alphabet that is made up of straight lines(with few examples on the board) ite down six small letters that have tall stem like	
Task1 Write A Task2 Write B Task3 Add	15 capital letters from the alphabet that is made up of straight lines  (with few examples on the board)  ite down six small letters that have tall stem like  (Examples it on the board)	
Task1 Write A Task2 Write B Task3 Add Task 4 Write the	the down six small letters that have tall stem like	
Task1 Write A Task2 Write B Task3 Add Task 4 Write the "Name of	15 capital letters from the alphabet that is made up of straight lines  (with few examples on the board)  ite down six small letters that have tall stem like  (Examples it on the board)  d a straight line to each of these shapes to make a capital letter.  e following on the board.  a person, place begins with capital letter  so write in the boxes	
Task1 Write A Task2 Write B Task3 Add Task 4 Write the "Name of Ask them to	15 capital letters from the alphabet that is made up of straight lines  (with few examples on the board)  ite down six small letters that have tall stem like  (Examples it on the board)  d a straight line to each of these shapes to make a capital letter.  e following on the board.  a person, place begins with capital letter	
Task1 Write A Task2 Write B Task3 Add Task 4 Write the "Name of Ask them to Peer check	15 capital letters from the alphabet that is made up of straight lines  (with few examples on the board)  ite down six small letters that have tall stem like  (Examples it on the board)  d a straight line to each of these shapes to make a capital letter.  e following on the board.  a person, place begins with capital letter.  so write in the boxes  king and feedback follows each Task	
Task1 Write A Task2 Write B Task3 Add Task 4 Write the "Name of Ask them to Peer check	15 capital letters from the alphabet that is made up of straight lines  (with few examples on the board)  ite down six small letters that have tall stem like  (Examples it on the board)  d a straight line to each of these shapes to make a capital letter.  e following on the board.  a person, place begins with capital letter  o write in the boxes	

Level: 1
Term: 1 Worksheet Writing
Week: 1
Day: 4

# Capital letters



Most words are written with small letters.
Names always start with a capital letter.

Write down the 15 capital letters from the alphabet that are made up of straight lines.

A

Write down the six small letters that have tall stems like b.

b

Add a straight line to each of these shapes to make a capital letter.

<u>ZYFIEN</u>

Sometimes notices, adverts and posters are written in capitals. Write the following things in capital letters.

YOUR NAME

YOUR HOUSE NAME / STREET NAME

YOUR VILLAGE / TOWN

Level: I Term: I	Lesson Plan	riting
Week: 1 Day: 5		
1. Objectives:	<ul> <li>To enable the learners to:</li> <li>Identify common noun and proper noun.</li> <li>Use of capital letter before proper noun.</li> </ul>	
2. Function:	Recognizing common nouns and proper nouns.	
3. Activity:	Box filling, sorting	
4. Resources:	Worksheet (Common Noun, Proper Noun)	

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Presentation

- Write two common nouns and two proper nouns in mixed form on the board.
- Draw columns for each and write the words at proper place. Before writing
  you should ask from the students. Take more examples from them and put in
  the columns.

#### b. Worksheet

Distribute worksheets and explain each task properly. Ask them to do the Task
one by one

## Peer checking and feedback follows each task

Task I

Task II

6. Follow up: "Repeat Task II"

Level: 1 Term: 1 Week: 1 Day: 5

## Worksheet (Common Nouns, Proper Nouns)

Writing Date:

Name of the peoples and places are called proper Nouns

Proper Nouns start with a capital letter, common nouns do not,

Task 1: Write the words in their boxes

book, Karachi, bag, boy, Rani, toy, pen, Islamabad, school, bus Mansehra, cat.

Proper Noun	Common Noun	

Task II: There are many names in this story. Write them in their correct boxes.

Anam and Komal live in Kohsaar Street in Mansehra.

They have a dog, called Puppy. They go for walks in city park which is behind the city hospital. They often meet there with their friends, Ali and Tania.

People	Places	Animals
		•
	į.	

# Lesson Plan (English)

Level: 1

Term: 1

Week: 2

Communication	Reading	Writing	Assessment
a. Nursery Rhyme     (We Need to be Careful)     b. Fun Activity     (Fun with Colours)	• Poem 'One, Two'	Doing Words	
Talking about Personal Information			

Level: 1 Term: 1	Lesson Plan	Communication
Week: 2		
Day: 1		

1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

Enjoy the rhythm of the nursery rhyme

- Pronounce the rhyming words and lines of the song

2. Function: Singing a traditional rhyme

3. Activity: Singing a Rhyme

4. Material: a. Poem Page (We need to be careful), cassette and

cassette Player b. (Fun with colours)

#### 5. Procedure

#### Task A ...... Nursery Rhyme

#### a. Preparation

Tell them that they are going to listen and sing a poem song from the cassette.

#### b. Introduction

- Write name of the poem song on the board.
- Discuss the topic and check the vocabulary comprehension if it is needed

#### c. Listening

Play the cassette and they will listen only

#### d. Singing

- Distribute the poem page. Ask them to move fingers on the lines while singing the poem.
- They will sing along with the cassette. You should also join them and sing in full tone and rhythm. (More then once)

#### e. Group Singing

Divide the class into two sections (play the cassette again) One section recites the rhyming lines and the other listen. Then the second group sings and the first one listens.

f. Stop playing the cassette and ask your students to sing themselves without to the cassette

#### Task B Fun Activity ..... (Fun with Colours)

Level: 1 Term: 1

Week: 2

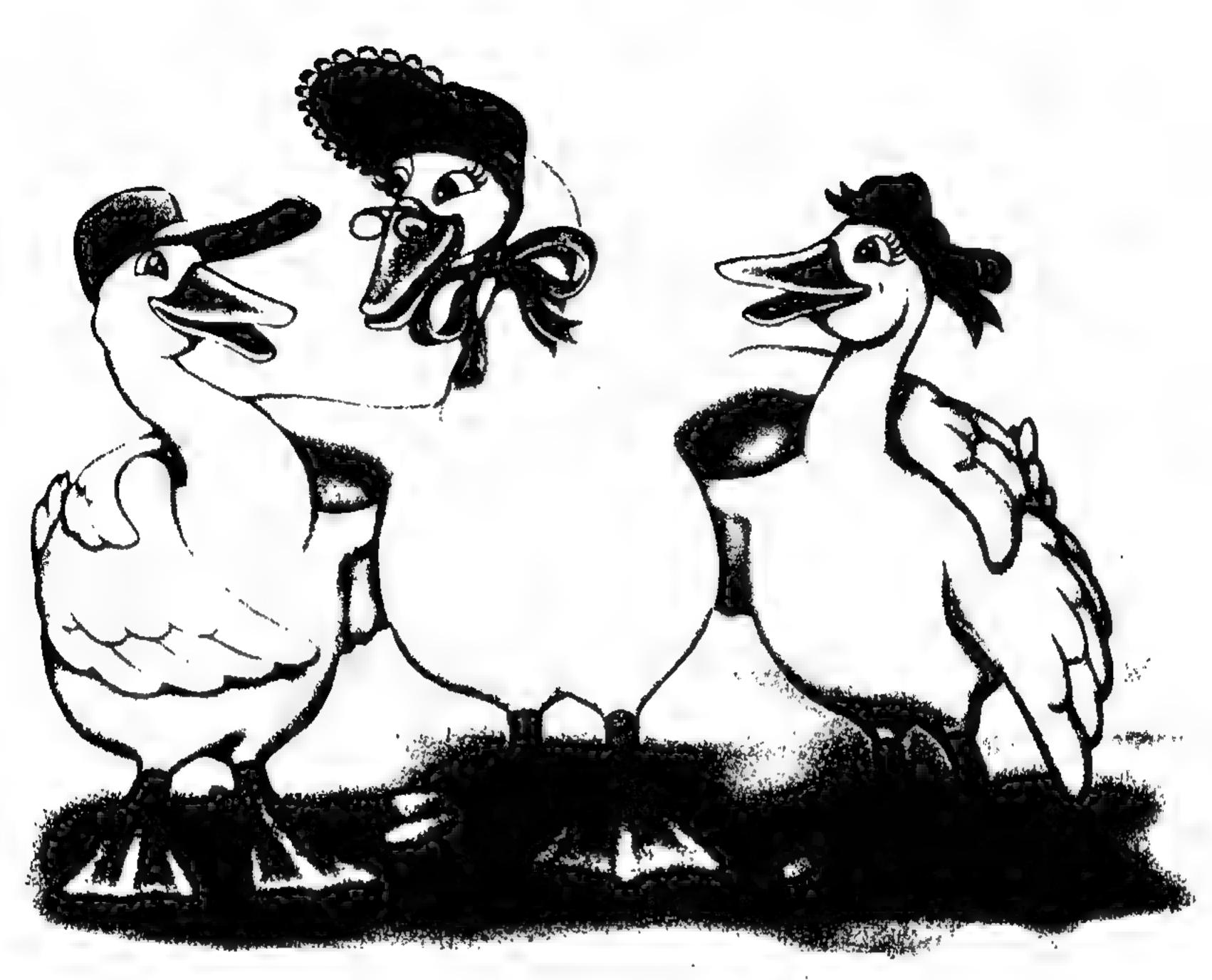
Day: 1

Worksheet

(We need to be careful)

Communication

Nursery Rhyme



## We Need to Be Careful

We need to be careful When we have fun. Remember these rhymes And tell everyone.

Get permission
Before you go to play,
So you can be found
Right away.

Look both ways
Before you cross the street.
Then when it's clear
Just move your feet.

Don't play with matches
Or any fire.
One small spark
And the flames might grow higher.

If you really need help, Dial 9-1-1. Then people who can help you Will be on the run.

We need to be careful When we have fun. Remember these rhymes And tell everyone.

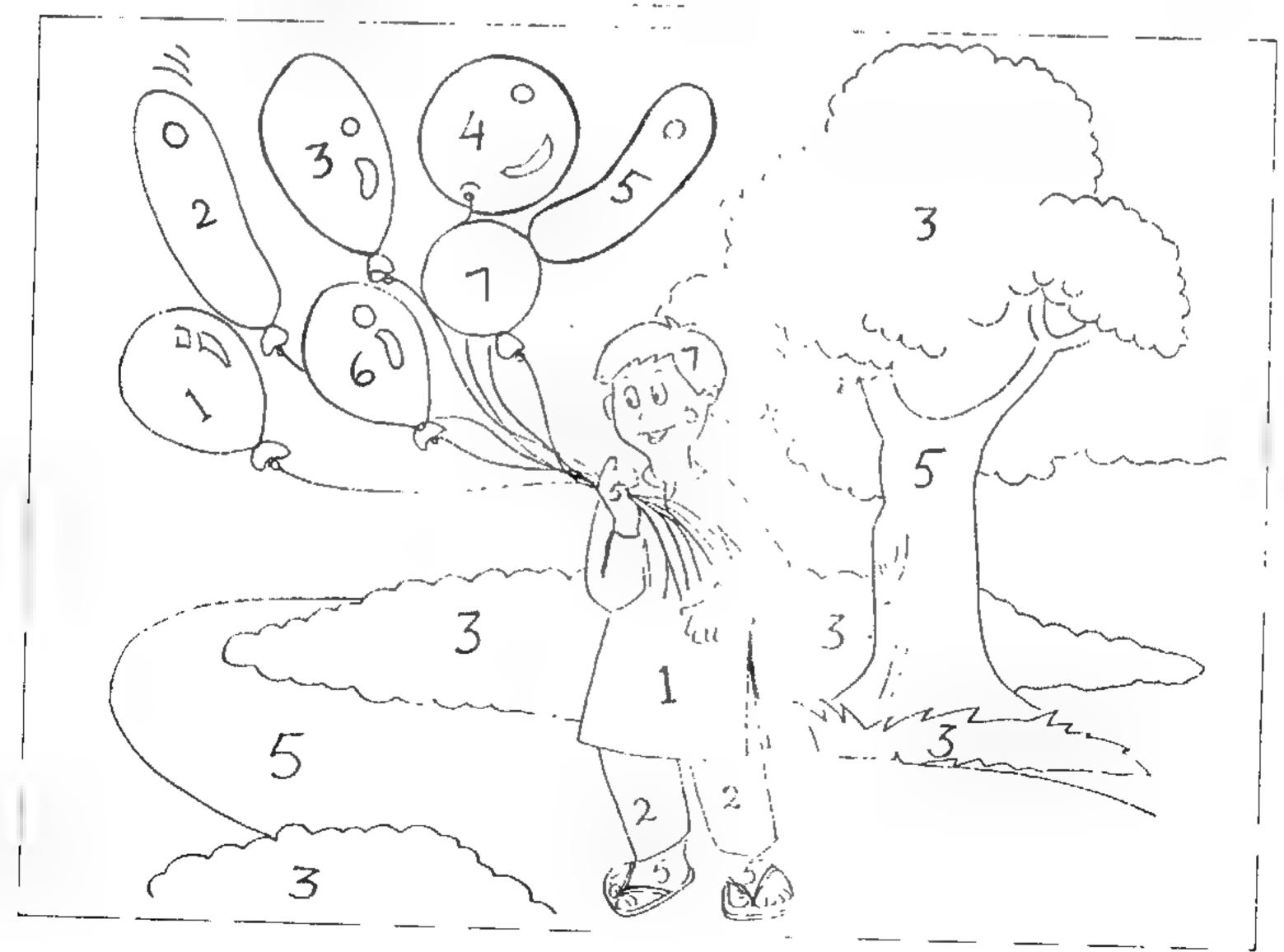
Level: 1
Term: 1
Worksheet
Week: 2
Day: 1
Worksheet
Fun Activity
(Fun with colours)

Task 1 Colours the boxes.

# COLOUR BY NUMBERS

1. Red	4. Yello	W
2. Blue	5. Brow	n
3. Green	6. Purpi	e
	7. Black	

Task 2: Colour the pictures to match with their boxes and their Numbers.



Level: I
Term: 1
Week: 2
Day: 2

1. Objectives:

To enable the learners to

listen and speak

talk about personal information

2. Function:

Asking and giving personal information

3. Activity:

Interviewing

4. Material:

None

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Presentation

- Write the following dialogue and Practice the conversation with your students.
- say each line of the dialogue and ask them to follow you

Tr. Hello! Nasir, how old are you?

S1. Madam, I'm six years old.

Tr. When is your birthday?

Sl. It is on 7<sup>th</sup> March.

#### b. Dialogue Practice

- First you say teacher's lines and the class says students' line
- Then the class says teacher's line and you say student's line

#### c. Practice (Pair Work)

Call two students at a time. Ask them to practice the same dialogue. They talk to each other using the same dialogue.

#### d. Group work.

Make groups according to the months they were born in. Ask them that the students who were born in the month of Jan. Feb. and March will sit in line no. I and so on.

Group one ---- Jan., Feb., March Group four ---- Oct., Nov., Dec.

 Group members will talk to each other and note down the month of their birth month.

Name: Karim.
Born in: November.

- One of the members will report to the class about the information of their group members and say like this

"Karim was born in November".

"Razia was born in March".

Free Writing ----- 5 Mins

Level: 1
Term: 1
 Lesson Plan
 Reading
 Day: 3

1. Objectives

To enable the learners to:

- a) enjoy poetry.
- b) recite the poem in rhythmic manner.

2. Skill:

Reading a poem for pleasure

3. Topic:

One, Two, Three, Four

4. Material:

a)Picture of Cherries b) Poem Page (One, Two, Three, Four)

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Pre-Reading

Put up the picture of cherries on the board and ask the following.

- 1. What is this?
- 2. Do you know the name of this fruit?
- 3. What is taste?
- 4. Do you like it?
- b. Distribute the poem page among the students and ask the following

Look at the page and find out

Is it a:

story?
poem?
paragraph?

#### c. Reading

- Read the poem aloud and ask the learners to listen attentively.
- Recite the poem line by line ask the class to repeat in chorus after you.
- The drill should be in rhythm (many times).

#### d. Group Reading

- Divide the class into groups, putting four members in each group.
- Each group will recite the poem one by one.

#### e. Paired Reading

- Divide the class into pairs.
- Each pair will stand up and recite the poem to the class Ask the class to recite the poem in chorus.

#### f. Choral Drill

Ask the class to fold up their poem page and sing the poem in chorus without looking at it.

#### g. Individual Practice

- Ask your learners to recite the poem one by one.
- Ask them to sing individually without looking at the page
- 6. Follow up Learners will draw a cottage, a girl sitting and eating cherries
  - \* Free Writing ----- 5 Mins.

Level: 1
Term: 1
Poem Page
Week: 2

Day:

one, two, three, four.



Level: 1
Term: \$\frac{1}{4}\$ Lesson Plan Writing

Week: 2
Day: 4

1. Objectives: The learners will be able to

recognize the doing words

• use verbs at their proper places

2. Function: Recognizing the verbs

3. Activity: Exercises

4. Material: Worksheet (Doing words)

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Presentation

- Write the following words on the board and also sentences
- Explain the difference of noun and doing words.

Playing, ball, eats, biscuits

He is playing with a boll.

She eats biscuits in school break.

#### b. Worksheet (pair work)

Explain each task one by one by giving examples on the board

Task 1

Task 2

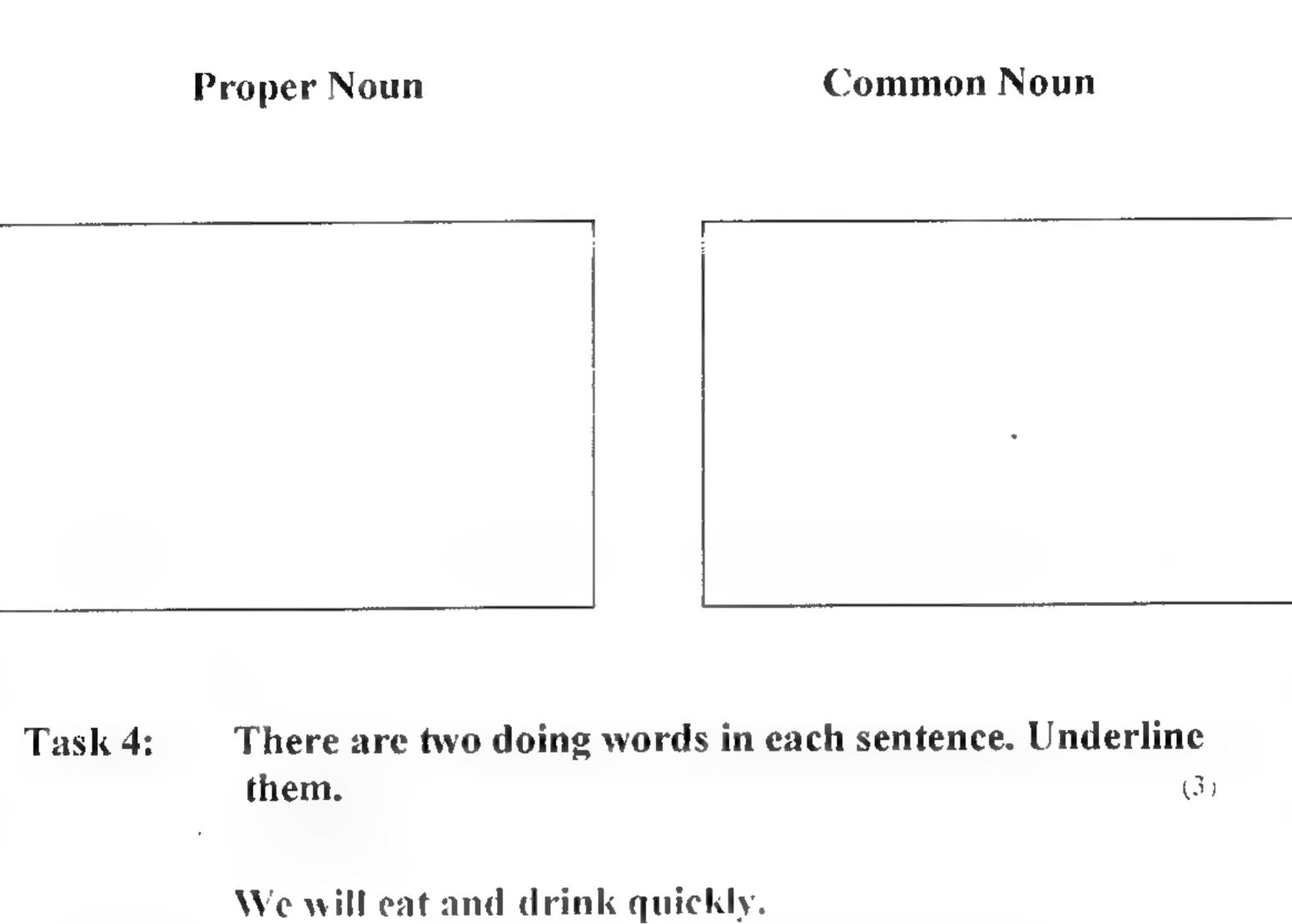
Task 3

Peer checking and feed back follows each task

6. Follow Up: Repeat task No. 3

Level: 1 Term: 1 Week: 2 Day: 4		Writing Date:
	Doing words are called verbs.	
Γask 1:	Underline the doing words in these sentences	
	He is jumping over a wall. He atc an apple	
	She plays with dolls.	
	Father bought a toy for me. Mother cooked	rice.
Γask 2:	There are two doing words in each sentence. Underline them.	
	- We all eat and drink quickly	
	- I washed my dress, then I ironed them.	
	- Mother cooked meal and served on the table.	
	- We sit on chair and write on a tables.	
Task 3:	Pick a word from the box and complete these	sentences
	eats, runs, sleep, watch, likes, dr	ink
	- Our dog like a horse.	
	- Children like to television.	
	- My brother sweets all day.	
	- I always on time.	
	- My sister ice cream.	

Level: I Term: 1 Week: 2 Day: 6	Assessment	
Task 1:	Prepare your profile card.	(2)
	Name:	
	Class:	
	Age:	
	Like:	
Task 2:	Read the following lines and write answers for each question.	(3)
	Nadia is looking for her dog, pony.	
	She looks out of the window. She	
	looks in the garden. She looks under	
	the table. There, he is.	
	1. What is the name of Nadia's dog?	
	2. Where does she look for the dog?	
	3. Where is the pony sitting?	



We sit on chairs and write on tables.

I bought colour pencils and coloured a scenery.

## Lesson Plan

(English)

Level: 1

Term: 1

Week: 3

	Communication	Reading	Writing	Assessment	
•	a. Nursery Rhyme (Little Miss Muffet) b. Cross & Puzzle (Fruit and Vegetable)	• 'Sentences'	<ul> <li>Scrambled Sentences</li> <li>Use a Full Stop</li> </ul>	<b>×</b>	
•	Survey (Likes & Dislikes)				

Level: 1
Term: 1
Week: 3
Day: 1

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to.

- Enjoy the rhythm of the nursery rhyme

- Pronounce the rhyming words and lines of the song

2. Function:

Singing a traditional rhyme

'. Activity:

Singing a Rhyme

. . Material:

a. Poem Page (Little Miss Muffet), cassette and

cassette Player b. Cross word Puzzle (fruit and vegetables)

#### 5. Procedure

Task A .......... Nursery Rhyme

a. Preparation

Tell them that they are going to listen and sing a poem song from the cassette

#### b. Introduction

- Write name of the poem song on the board.

- Discuss the topic and check the vocabulary comprehension if it is needed.

#### c. Listening

Play the cassette and they will listen only

#### d. Singing

- Distribute the poem page Ask them to move fingers on the lines while singing the poem.
- They will sing along with the cassette. You should also join them and sing in full tone and rhythm. (More then once)

e. Group Singing

Divide the class into two sections (Play the cassette again) One section recites the rhyming lines and the other listens. Then the second group sings and the first one listens

f. Stop playing the cassette and ask your students to sing themselves without listening to the cassette.

## Task B Fun Activity ...... Cross Word Puzzle (fruit & Vegetable)

Level: 1 Term: 1 Week: 3

Day:

Worksheet (Little Miss Muffet) Communication Nursery Rhyme



## Little Miss Muffet

Little Miss Muffet
Sat on a tuffet
Eating her curds and whey.
Along came a spider
Who sat down beside her
And frightened Miss Muffet away.

Level: 1

Term: 1

Week: 3 Day: 1 Worksheet

Fun Activity

Cross word Pazzle

(Fruit and Vegetables

## Find 5 fruits and 5 vegetables hidden in the square given below:

APPLE

PEACH

**MANGO** 

PAPAYA

ONION

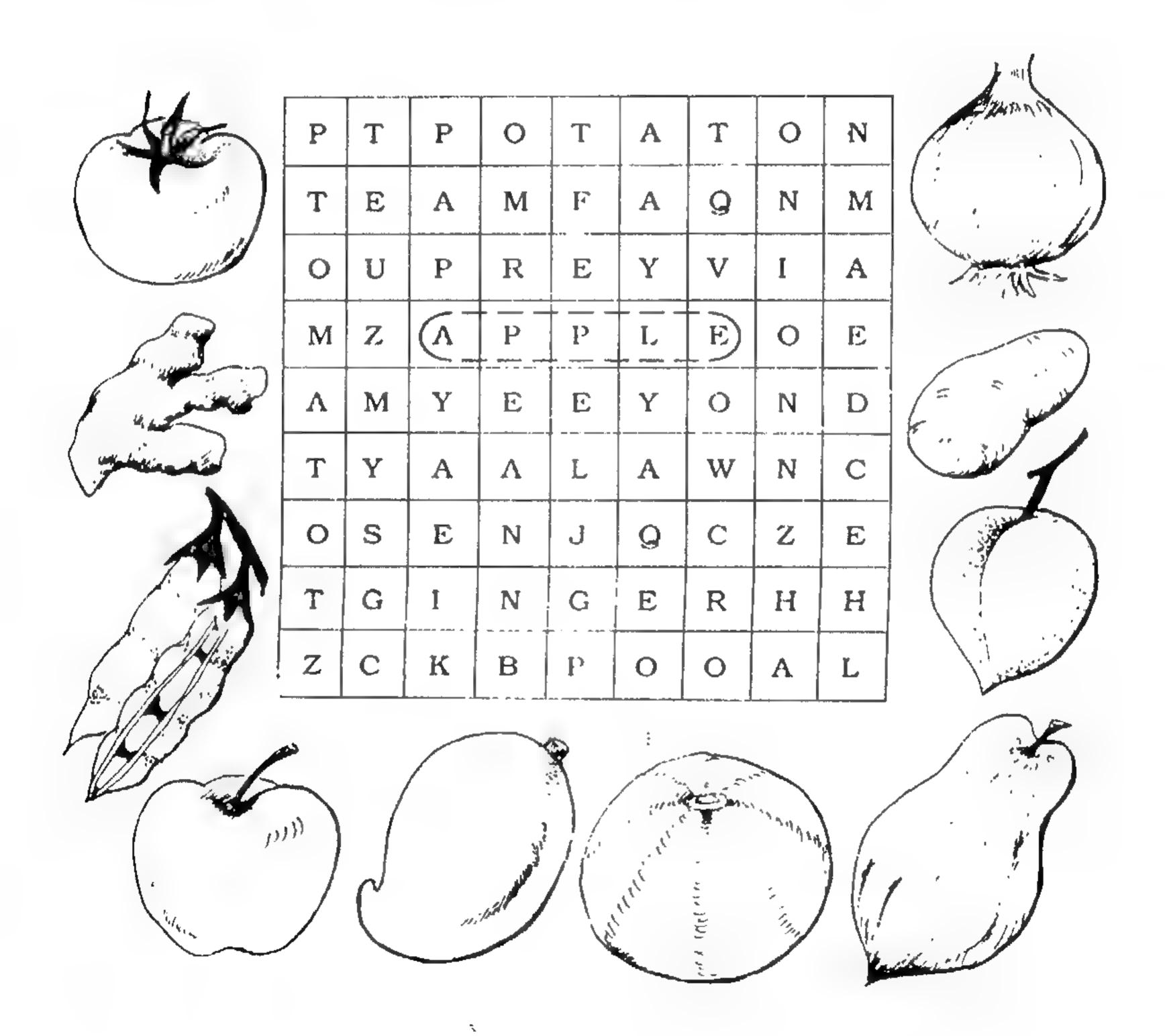
TOMATO

POTATO

**GINGER** 

MELON

PEA.



Teri		Lesson Plan Communication
1. O	ojectiv	es: The learners will be able to.  - express their liking and disliking  - express about their friend's liking and disliking
2. Fu	nction	Expressing likes or dislikes
3. Ac	ctivity:	Survey
4M	aterial	: Sheets of Paper
a. Pres Write food like e.g	Ask fro Ask fro t you sa	
the	i studen	its one by one. Ask them to tick on the items he/she likes and put a cross on he/she doesn't like. First they will tick the food and then they will say
c. Mo Tel frie san	re prac I them t nds who	etice (Survey) o stand up and go around the class. Ask them to find out the common o like the same food items you like and also the friends who do not like the lo not like. When it appears that the survey is almost complete, ask them to be class one by one
	e.g.	Iffat, Riaz, Salma and Nadia like
		Nasim, Uzma and Ahmad do not like
Note:	If time	allows, continue practice with some more but take different items. books, animals, TV programs, subject.

6. Follow up. They will write five sentences about likes and five about dislikes

in there H/work copies.

Level: 1
Term: 1
Week: 3
Day: 3

1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

read sentences properly.

understand sentences

2. Skills: Reading Aloud, Reading comprehension

3. Topic: Sentences

4. Material: Text Page (Sentences)

## 5. Procedure

a. - Distribute the text pages

- Talk about the pictures and the animals
- Check if they know about these words

## truth, bear and dinosaur

### b. Reading Aloud

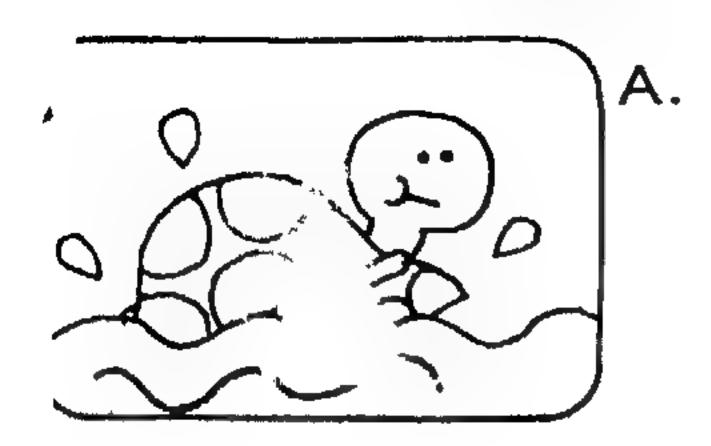
- Model Reading (by the teacher)
- Group Reading
- Paired Reading
- Individual Reading

#### c. Task

- Explain the task, given in the text page
- Peer checking and feed back
- d. Ask the following questions orally and take feed back
  - 1. Where is the turtle?
  - 2. Is he swimming in the river?
  - 3. When does the bear hide?
  - 4. Can a dinosaur drive the car?
  - 5. What is he doing in the pond?
- 6. Follow Up: Write the above questions on the board for home work

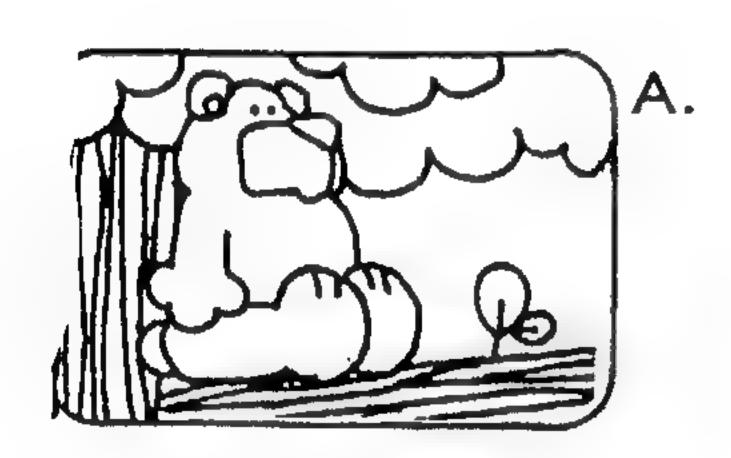
Level:	1		
Term:	1	Text Page	
Week:	3		
Day:	3		

Read the sentences. Look at the pictures. Draw a line from each sentence to the right picture.





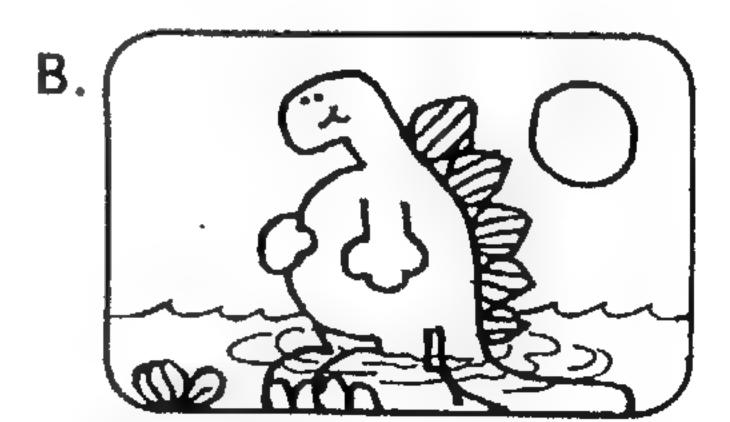
- 1. The turtle rides in a truck.
- 2. The turtle swims in the pond.





- 3. The bear hides in a tree.
- 4. The bear jumps off the rock.





- 5. The dinosaur stands in the pond.
  - 6. The dinosaur drives the car.

Level: Writing lesson Plan Term: Week: 3 Day: 1. Objectives: The learners will be Write the words at proper places Understand the structure of a sentence. Developing the sense of writing sensible sentences. 2. Function: 3. Activity: Exercises 4. Material: Worksheet, (Scrambled sentences)

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Presentation

Write a simple sentence on the board.

#### e.g. He eats apple.

Re write in the following manner.

#### e.g. apple. eat He

Explain the role of subject and verb and write there in two columns. Take more examples.

#### b. Worksheet

- Distribute the worksheets
- Explain the task.
- Peer checking and feedback

## 6. Follow up:

- Write some more scrambled sentences on the board. Which should be different in sense from the worksheet sentences but the same in structure
- They will copy on their C/Work copies and then do it in H/work copies

Level: 1 Term: 1 Week: 3 Day: 4

Worksheet

Writing date

# Scrambled Sentences

Read the words. Write the words in a sentence that makes sense.

can run l fast l can run fast.

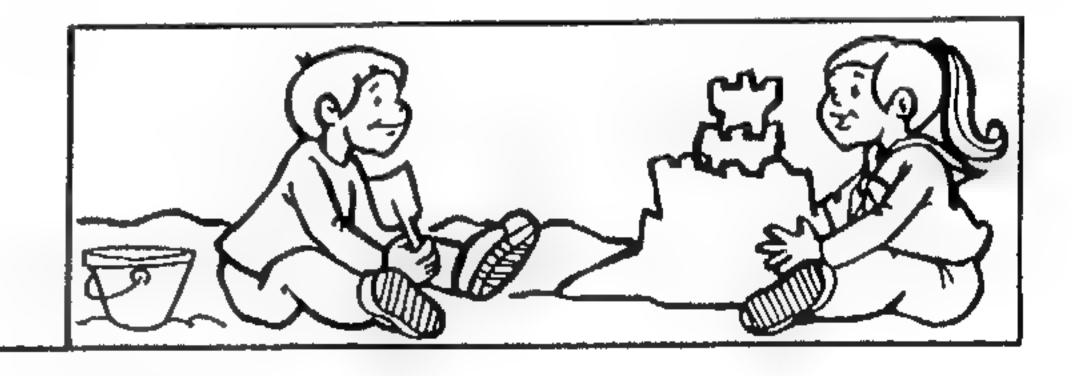
I. jump will I



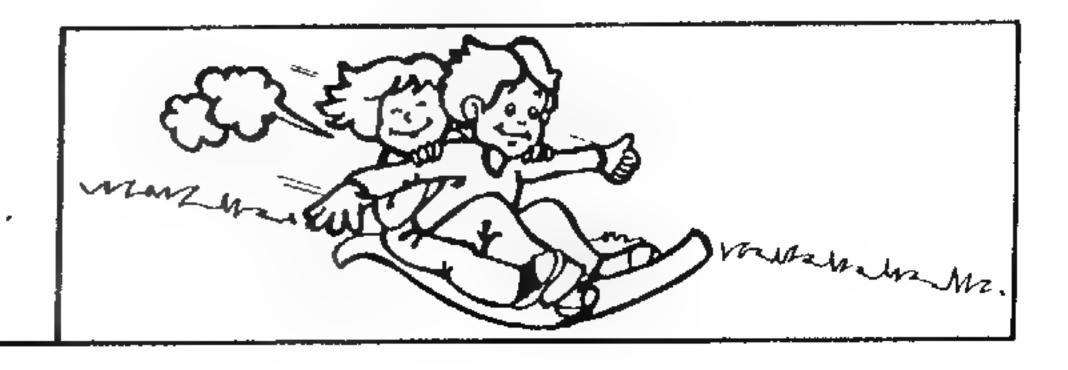
2. sees the dog He



3. castle a Jane made



4. are We fast going



Level: 1
Term: 1
Week: 3
Day: 5

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to:

to understand the role of a full stop in a sentence.

To write sensible sentences

2. Function:

Using the full stop and capital letter at proper places in a sentences

3. Activity:

Exercises

4. Material:

Worksheets (Full Stop)

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Presentation

- Explain the role of fullstop in a sentences
- Explain the use of capital letter at the beginning of sentences and proper noun.
- Write two or three sentences at the board.

#### b. Worksheet

Task 1

Task 2

#### Peer checking and feed back

- c. If time allows, write another paragraph of simple sentences on the board and ask them to do in their C/Work copies
- 6. Follow Up: Repeat task \_\_ C or B

Level: 1 Term: 1		Writing
Week: 3 Day: 5		<u></u>
	Full Stops	
	will need a capital letter at the beg stop at the end of a sentence.	ginning and a
Task I	i like ice cream very much	
	my sister likes coke and chips	
	this is my dog	
	his name is puppy	
Task 2	This passage does not have sense, because at the end of sentences. Rewrite the	
	Full Stops and Capital Letters.	•
	i have a cat her name is mano sh	ie likes
	to cat cake she sleep on a sofa m	y sister,
	uzma likes her very much mano	plays
	with her	

•

•

## Lesson Plan (English)

Level: 1

Term: 1

Week: 4

Communication	Reading	Writing	Assessment	
<ul> <li>a. Nursery Rhyme (Jack &amp; Jill)</li> <li>b. Fun Activity</li> <li>(How Many thirteen's)</li> <li>Short Responses (Preposition)</li> </ul>	Extensive     Reading	Making Words by using Vowel		

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to:

- Enjoy the rhythm of the nursery rhyme

- Pronounce the rhyming words and lines of the song

2. Function:

Singing a traditional rhyme

3. Activity:

Singing a Rhyme

4. Material:

a. Poem Page (Jack and Jill), cassette and cassette Player

b. Worksheet (How Many Thirteens?)

#### 5. Procedure

Task A ...... Nursery Rhymc

a. Preparation

Tell them that they are going to listen and sing a poem song from the cassette.

#### b. Introduction

- Write name of the poem song on the board.

- Discuss the topic and check the vocabulary comprehension if it is needed.

#### c. Listening

Play the cassette and they will listen only

d. Singing

- Distribute the poem page. Ask them to move fingers on the lines while singing the poem.
- -They will sing along with the cassette. You should also join them and sing in full tone and rhythm. (More then once)

e. Group Singing

Divide the class into two sections (Play the cassette again) One section recites the rhyming lines and the other listens. Then the second group sings and the first one listens.

f. Stop playing the cassette and ask your students to sing themselves without listening to the cassette

Task B Fun Activity ..... (How Many Thirteens)

Worksheet

Communication

Nursery Rhyme

# Jack and Jill



Jack and Jill went up the hill
To fetch a pail of water.
Jack fell down and broke his crown,
And Jill came tumbling after.

Up Jack got and home did trot As fast as he could caper. Went to bed to mend his head With vinegar and brown paper. Level: 1
Term: 1
Week: 4
Day: 1
Worksheet
Worksheet
Fun Activity
(How Many Thirteen?)

13	17	50	80	50	80	14	90	70	13
30	90	17	16	90	17	90	17	30	50
14	14	90	70	13	80	50	19	50	40
40	17	50	17	15	70	13	17	16	13
15	50	16	60	17	70	18	80	19	90

Task 1:	How many thirteen's are there in a box?		
Task 2:	How many thirties are there?		

Level: 1
Term: 1
Week: 4
Day: 2

Lesson Plan
Communication

1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

ask and answer, using short form

- use preposition of location (on, in, under)

2. Function: Talkir

Talking about location and using short responses

3. Activity:

Ask and Answer

4. Material:

Picture Page (Prepositions)

#### 5. Procedure

#### a. Presentation

- Distribute the picture page. Highlight the preposition in, on, under on the board

- Write example sentences and say properly. Ask question about the picture

e.g. Where is the boy?

Where is the dog?

Where is the cat?

#### b. Practice

Ask again using the wrong location to give practice for short responses. Don't accept responses in the complete sentences. Encourage them to answer in short form using contraction.

e.g. T. Look at the dog. Is it sitting on the table?

St. No it isn't.

T. Is it under the table?

St No is isn't.

Then where is it?

#### c. Further Practice

Take four or five objects and put them at different location. Ask question as you have asked about the picture.

#### d. Role Play

- Call two students and tell them to ask and answer as you were doing before.
- Continue with the same objects or you can change if you like.
- You should encourage your learners to make questions for their own things.
- 6. Follow Up: Ask them to write sentences about the picture, taking four as positive and four as negative sentences e.g.

The dog is under the chair The cat is not on the table

\* Free Writing ----- 5 Mins

Level: 1
Term: 1
Week: 4
Day: 2

Communication
Worksheet

# Prepositions



1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

- read with fluency and speed

- read for pleasure

2. Skills:

Extensive Reading

3. Topic:

None

4. Material:

Selected story books.

#### 5. Procedure

Extensive reading means reading for pleasure. The main purpose of Extensive Reading is to train the readers to read fluently in English for their enjoyment.

#### 1. Selection of storybooks.

- Select storybooks or poems or any information text
- Keep the level and interest of the learners in consideration.
- You can select yourself or you can ask the learners what they would like to read.
   Material should be collected before the class begins.

#### 2. Motivation.

- Make them aware that they cannot learn a foreign language without reading some more material from the textbooks. Create a confidence that they can understand the stories without knowing the meaning of difficult words
- Explain that they are reading for pleasure and not for class work or examination.

## 3. Procedure. (While reading)

- Make groups (Taking three members in each group) or pairs.
- Distribute one copy of book/material to each group
- Allow them to read aloud one reads in a group and the other two listen and keep on changing the turn of reader or they can read individually.
- They can also do individual reading.
- Train them to guess the meanings of words and sentences themselves and don't encourage them in asking the meanings of words.
- Encourage them to use dictionary quickly but not very often only once or twice.
- Teach them to focus on main ideas and overlook other details of the text.
- Help them to read in phrases and sentences instead of reading each word separately.
- Keep on walking and moving around to have a watch and provide support to the learners.
- Tell them that they will finish their reading 10 minutes before the period ends.
- Every group will give feed back in the last 10 minutes.
- 4. Feed Back. Take feed back orally on main points. Don't go into detail.

Level: 1
Term: 1
Week: 4
Day: 4

Lesson Plan
Writing

1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

- practise the use of vowels

- reinforce the use of vowels

2. Function:

generation of the words by using vowels

3. Activity:

word making

4. Material:

worksheet – 2 pages (big, bang, bong)

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Pre Writing

- Ask about vowels and consonants
- Write vowels on the board and also see some letters of consonants.

#### b. Worksheet (Page-1)

- Task 1. You say the words, class repeats. Asks them to underline the vowels.
- Task 2 Ask them to put one vowel in each word and make sensible words.
- Task 3 Pair work

Ask them to think of some words, which rhyme with the upper line and complete the poem.

#### Peer checking and feed back

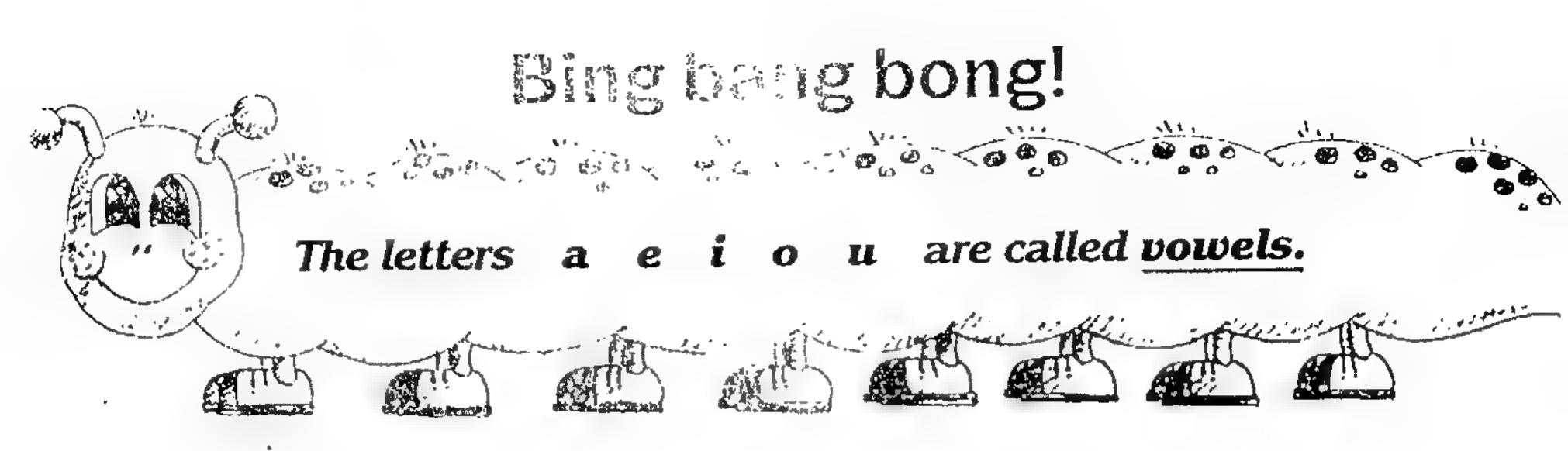
#### c. Worksheet Page 2. (Pair Work)

Discuss orally the words of each dial first, then ask them to write as many words as they can.

#### Peer checking and feed back

6. Follow Up: Ask them to copy the poem and learn it by heart

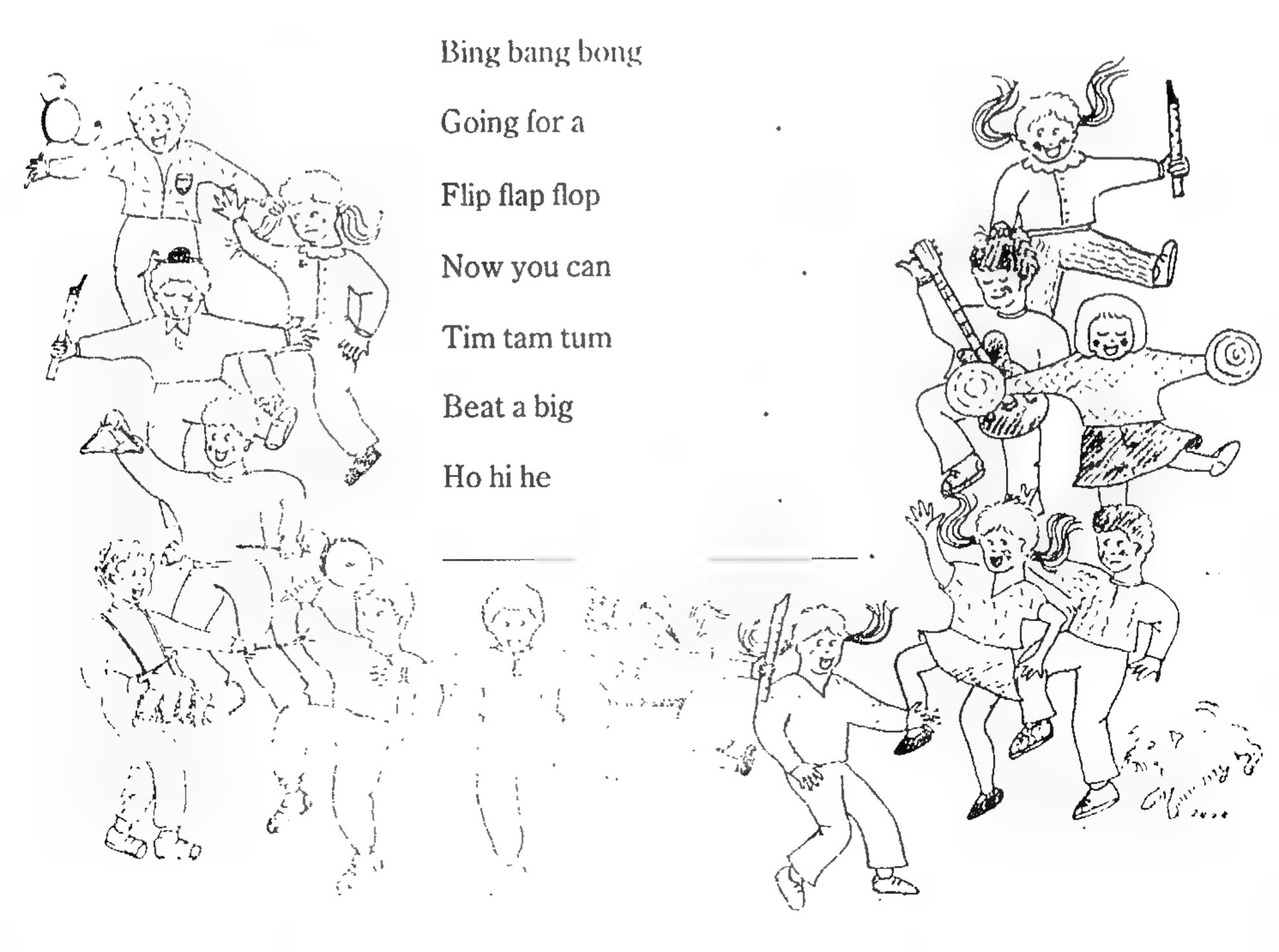
Level: 1
Term: 1 Worksheet Writing
Week: 4 No. 1 date
Day: 4



1 Say these words: pat pet pit pot put ham hen hid hop hug

Underline all the vowels. (One has been done for you.)

- 2 Put vowels in these words: b\_\_\_\_g, b\_\_\_\_g, b\_\_\_\_g, b\_\_\_\_g, b\_\_\_\_g,
- 3 Think of some words to go into this rhyme:



#### a vowel

ee how many three-letter words you can make, using each dial. One has been done for you.)

One has been do	one for you.)
B ANS	bat
M E B T	met
S F M X T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	mix
TOP -	Lot
G U H	fun
Extra	Say the alphabet aloud very slowly. Notice that, with the vowels, you keep your mouth open all the time.

Level: 1 Term: 1 Week: 4 Day: 6	Assessment	
Task 1:	Read words and rewrite them in a sentence.	(2)
	• can ball with I play.	
	are We for going a walk.	
Task 2:	Write three-letter words, putting vowels in the middle	(2)
	bt, fn, mx, pt.	
Task 3:	There is no full stop at the end of sentences. Rewrite the passage, adding full stop and capital letter.	1 <b>e</b> (3)
	rani has a doll she plays with her doll every day she keeps her doll in a doll house her doll is very pretty	
Task 4.	Read the sentences and put a tick on sentences on sens	ible (3)
	<ul> <li>The turtle drive a car.</li> <li>The turtle swims in the pond.</li> </ul>	
	The bear hides in a tree.  The bear climbs on a tree.	
	<ul> <li>The dinosaurs rides on a horse.</li> <li>The dinosaurs stands in a pond.</li> </ul>	

# Lesson Plan (English)

Level: 1

Term: 1

Week: 5

Communication	Reading	Writing	Assessment
a. Nursery Rhyme     (Wee, Willie, Winkie)     b. Fun Activity     (Alphabetical Order)	• Text 'Going Home'	<ul><li>Proper Nouns</li><li>Pronouns</li></ul>	
• Listen and Draw (Meet the Monster Family)			

!. Objectives:

The learners will be able to:

- Enjoy the rhythm of the nursery rhyme

- Pronounce the rhyming words and lines of the song

2. Function:

Singing a traditional rhyme

3. Activity:

Singing a Rhyme

4. Material:

a. Poem Page (Wee, Willie, Winkie), cassette and cassette Player b.

Cross word Puzzle (Alphabetical Order)

#### 5. Procedure

Task A ...... Nursery Rhyme

a. Preparation

Tell them that they are going to listen and sing a poem song from the cassette.

#### b. Introduction

- Write name of the poem song on the board.

- Discuss the topic and check the vocabulary comprehension if it is needed.

#### c. Listening

Play the cassette and they will listen only

#### d. Singing

- Distribute the poem page. Ask them to move fingers on the lines while singing the poem.
- They will sing along with the cassette. You should also join them and sing in full tone and rhythm. (More then once)

e. Group Singing

Divide the class into two sections (Play the cassette again) One section recites the rhyming lines and the other listens. Then the second group sings and the first one listens.

f. Stop playing the cassette and ask your students to sing themselves without listening to the cassette.

## Task B Fun Activity ...... (Alphabetical Order)

Level: 1
Term: 1
Week: 5
Day: 2

Level: 1 Term: 1 Week: 5

Day:

Worksheet
(Wee, Willie, Wink!e)

Communication
Nursery Rhyme



Wee Willie Winkie

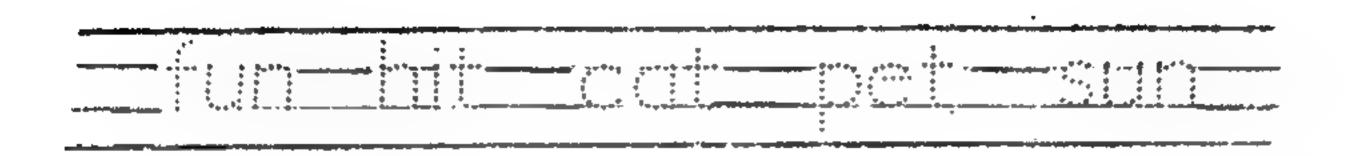
Wee Willie Winkie
Runs through the town,
Upstairs and downstairs,
In his nightgown.
Rapping at the window,
Crying through the lock,
"Are the children in their beds?
Now it's eight o'clock."

Level: 1
Term: 1
Worksheet
Week: 5
Day: 1
Worksheet

Worksheet

Fun Activity
(Cross Word Puzzle)
Alphabetical Order

Task 1: Trace these words.



Task 2: Find the above words in the square and encircle them.

t	f	·u	n		·i	3 r
W	0	r	m	<sub>-;</sub> n <sub>=</sub>	е	t
е	р	С	q	h		t
t	q	а	b	m	р	q.
b	S	t	С	S	u	n
a	m	a	t	р	q	r
t	X	У	р	е	t	Z

Task 3: Copy the encircled words in alphabetical order.

1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

- Listen and follow the instructions

2. Function: Following Instructions

3. Activity: Listen and Draw

4. Material: Worksheet (Meet the Monster Family)

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Warm up

Prepare the students for drawing and listening. Tell them they will first listen, then follow the instruction for drawing. Colour pencils and work sheets should be ready

#### 5. Vocabulary

Before starting the listening task ask about the monster. If they don't know then clear the concept by explanation or by showing the picture.

#### : Worksheet

- Distribute worksheet and make pairs for working on the worksheet.
- You read the instruction aloud and they will follow and draw on the worksheet.
- Say it in slow speed and keep on repeating.
- Peer checking before the feedback.
- d. Display the work of students on the board.

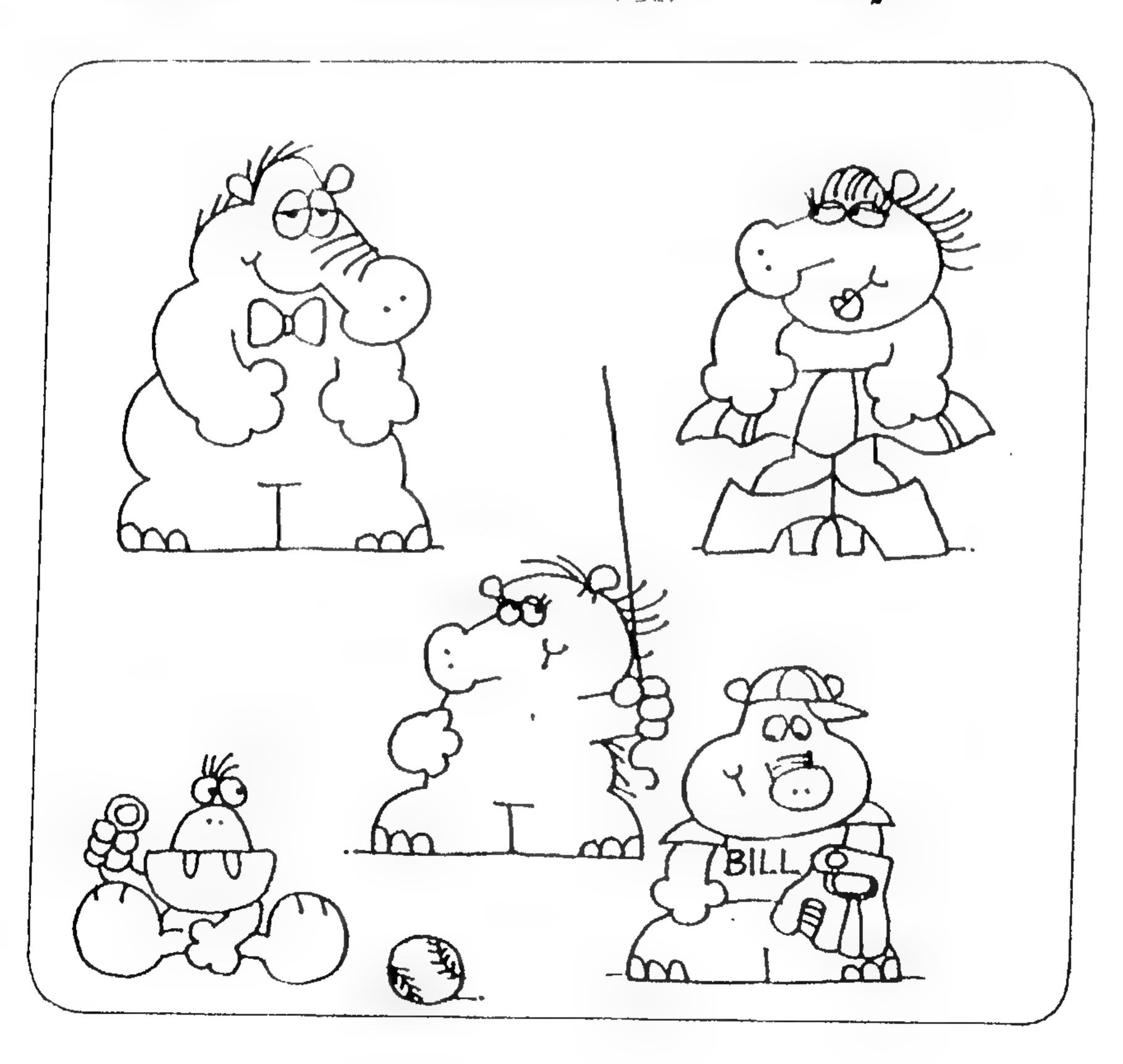
#### Listening Text

- 1. Draw a funny hat on the little monster.
- 2. Mother has red shoes. Color them.
- 3. Father has blue neck tie. Color it.
- 4. Bill's hat is yellow.
- 5. Little monster's ball is black.
- 6. Draw a kite on the end of string which boy monster is holding.
- 7. Mother's dress is blue.
- 8. Father's dress is brown.
- 9. Color the dresses of their children

Free Writing ----- 5 Mins

Level:	1	
Term:	1	Communication
Week:	5	Worksheet
Day:	2	

# Meet the Monster : Family!



1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

read and understand sentence.

- read and understand the sequence of he story.

2. Skills: Re

Reading Aloud, Reading comprehension

3. Topic:

Going Home

4. Material:

Text page (Going Home), Worksheet

#### 5. Procedure

#### a. Text Page

- Distribute the text page
- Talk about the picture
- Ask them to guess what the cat is going to do.
- Ask simple questions orally about each picture

#### b. Reading Aloud

- Model Reading (by the teacher)
- Group Reading
- Paired Reading
- Individual Reading

#### c. Worksheet

- Task 1 Read the text and complete the sentences
- Task 2 Read the story and give number to the sentences according to the events of the story.

Peer checking and feedback follows each task

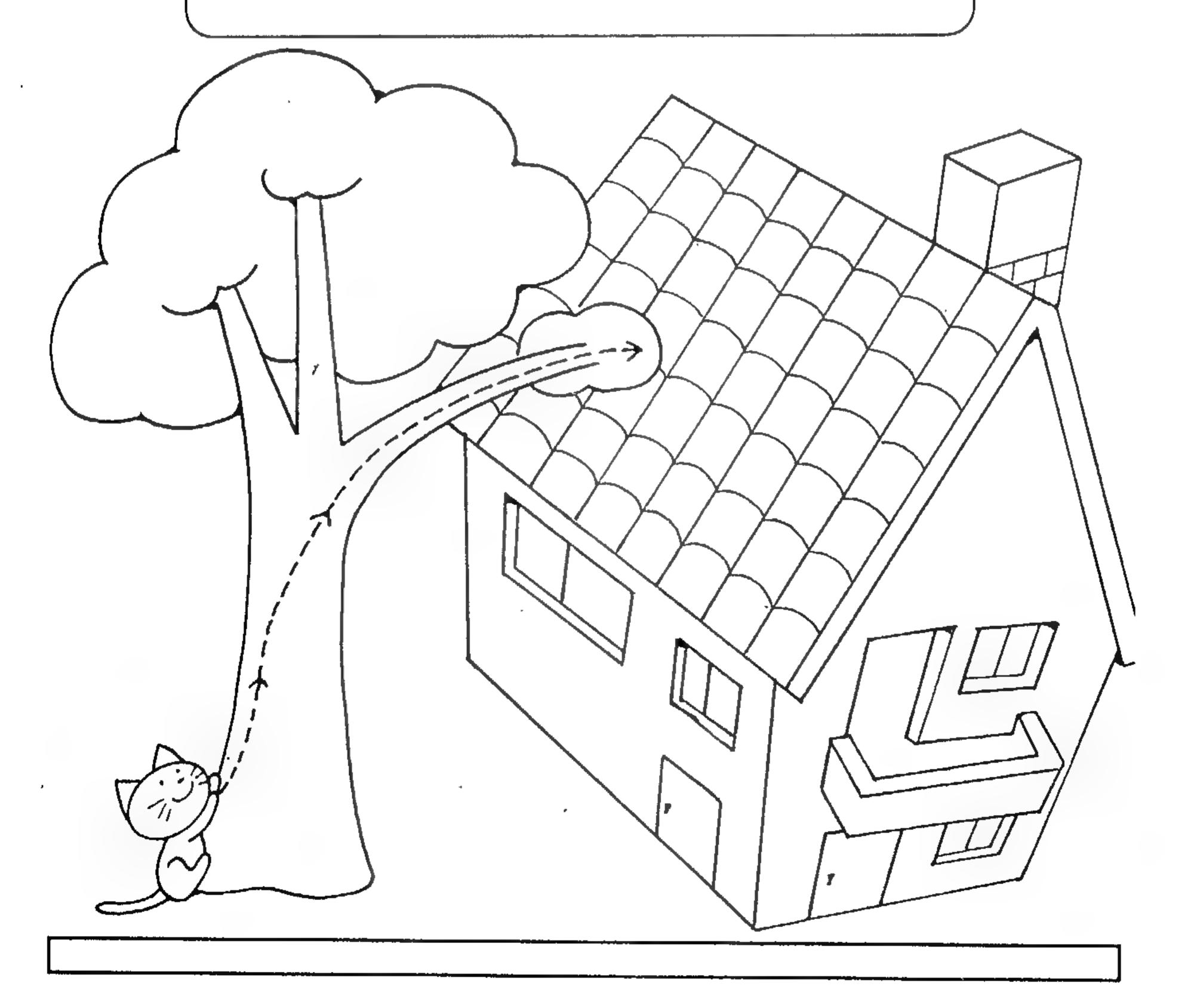
## 6. Follow Up:

Ask them to draw a picture and write two lines on the cat and the Picture

# Going Home

# Complete the line to show how kitty got home so quickly.

Kitty climbed up the tree.
Then she jumped onto the roof.
She walked across the roof.
She jumped onto the balcony.
She walked into the house.



Level: 1 Term: 1	Worksheet	Reading
Week: 5		•
Day: 3		

Task 1. Read the text and complete the sentences.

of.
ny.
se.

Task 2. Sentences of the story are not written in order. Read the text and put numbers according to the events.

The firs	st one is done for you.
	_ She jumped onto the balcony.
1_	She climbed up the tree.
	_She walked into the house.
	She walked across the roof.
	She iumped on the roof

1. Objectives: The learners will be able to.

understand proper nouns

- use capital letter in proper noun

2. Function: Understanding proper noun

3. Activity: Exercises

4. Material: Worksheet (Special Noun)

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Presentation

- Explain that names are nouns but they are special nouns and they start with a capital letter
- Give examples of a common noun and special nouns.
- Tell them that these special nouns are called proper nouns

#### b. Worksheet

Explain each task one by one Ask them to do pair work and peer checking

Task 1

Task 2

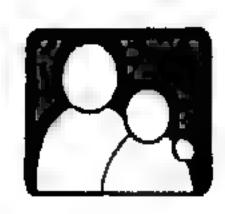
## 6. Follow Up:

Ask them to write the names of their family member and their pets

Level:	1
Term:	1
Week:	5
Day:	4

Worksheet

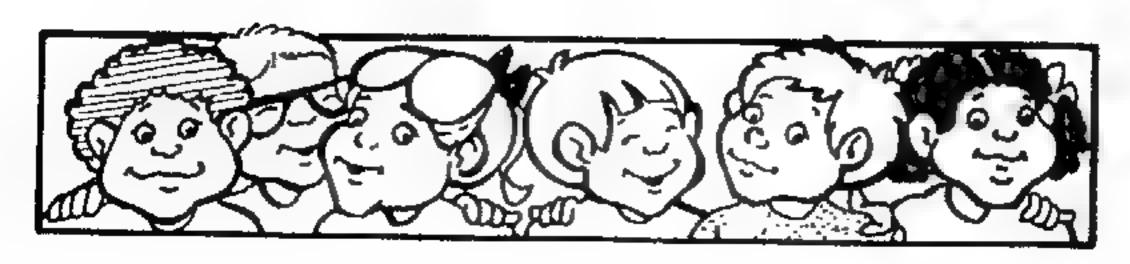
Writing date



# Special Nouns

Names are special nouns. All names must start with a capital letter.

Task 1: Read the sentences	s. Write the name on the line.
My name is	
My friend's name is	
The name of my city i	s or each pet. Write it on the line.
cat	
dog	:



Level: 1
Term: 1
Week: 5
Lesson Plan
Writing

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to:

understanding pronouns

- use proper nouns at their proper places

2. Function:

Using Pronouns

3. Activity:

Day: 5

Exercises

4. Material:

Worksheet (Pronouns)

#### 5. Procedure:

a - Write the following on the board

Pronouns are words which are used in places of nouns.

- Explain with examples

- If we use nouns repeatedly, the sentence or the text looks funny

- Write examples on the board

e.g.

Nasir is my friend. Nasir plays with us. Nasir likes Coke.

Nasir is my friend. He plays with us. He likes Coke.

b. Worksheet

Explain the task properly

Task 1

Task 2

Peer checking and feedback follows each task

6. Follow Up: Repeat task 2

evel: 1 Γerm: 1	Worksheet	Writing	
Week: 5 Day: 5	( Pronoun )	<u> </u>	

Pronouns are words used in place of nouns.

Task 1: Draw a circle around the pronoun that is used in place of the noun.

Put the nouns and their pronouns in their columns.

		Noun	Pronoun
1.	Raza wants a boat.		
	He will put the boat in the pond	l.	
2.	See Uzma playing.		
	Can she jump a rope?	•	
3.	Father will come home.		
	He will take the bus.		
4.	Raza and Uzma have fun.		
	They play with a ball.		
5.	My friend and I can run fast.		
	Can we win a race?		
Task 2:	Write pronouns in the gaps. Use <i>he for a boy, she for a girl o</i>	and it for an animal.	
1.	Amin is my friend.	plays with me.	
2.	Mrs. Rehana is my teacher.	teaches us English.	
3.	I have a dog.	daily goes with me	for a walk.
4.	4. Ahmad is our driver takes us to school daily.		laily.
5.	This is my cat.	likes to play with n	ne.

# Lesson Plan (English)

Level: 1

Term: 1

Week: 6

Communication	Reading	Writing	Assessmen
a Nursery Rhyme (Thirty days) b Tun Activity (Making Words)	• Text 'What did they need?'	• Possessive – (Apostrophe –s)	
Guessing Game (Short Answers			

1. Objectives: The learners will be able to

Enjoy the rhythm of the nursery rhyme

- Pronounce the rhyming words and lines of the song

2. Function:

Singing a traditional rhyme

3. Activity:

Singing a Rhyme

4. Material:

a. Poem Page (Thirty Days), cassette and cassette Player

b. Worksheet (Making Words)

#### 5. Procedure

#### Task A ...... Nursery Rhyme

#### a. Preparation

Tell them that they are going to listen and sing a poem song from the cassette

#### b. Introduction

- Write name of the poem song on the board.
- Discuss the topic and check the vocabulary comprehension if it is needed.

#### c. Listening

Play the cassette and they will listen only

#### d. Singing

- Distribute the poem page. Ask them to move fingers on the lines while singing the poem
- They will sing along with the cassette. You should also join them and sing in full tone and rhythm. (More then once)

#### e. Group Singing

Divide the class into two sections (Play the cassette again) One section recites the thyming lines and the other listens. Then the second group sings and the first one listens

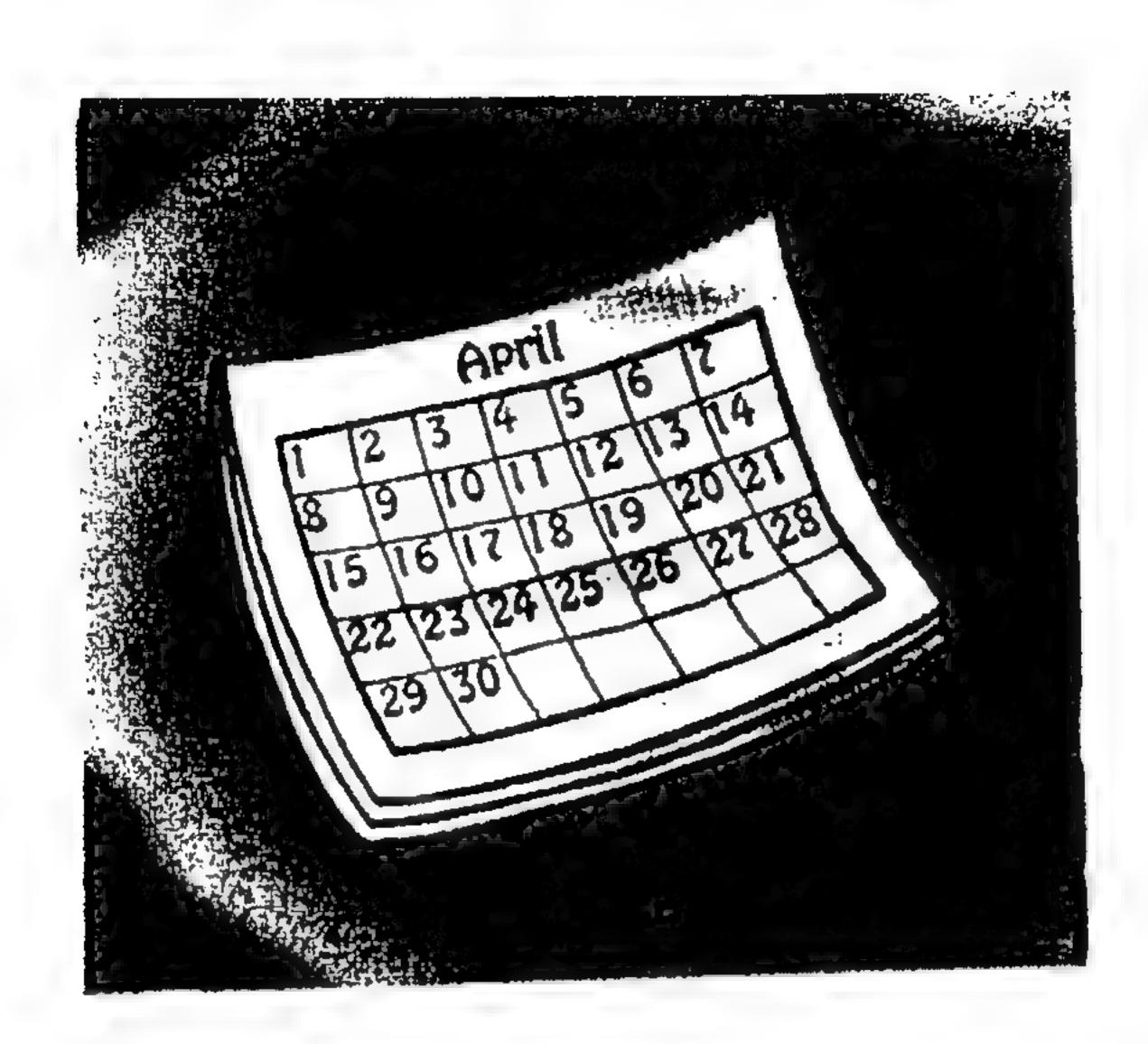
f. Stop playing the cassette and ask your students to sing themselves without listening to the cassette

#### Task B: Fun Activity ...... (Making Words)

Level: I Term: I Week: 6

Day:

Worksheet (Thirty Days) Communication
Nursery Rhyme



# Thirty Days

Thirty days hath September,
April, June, and November.
All the rest have thirty-one,
Excepting February alone,
And that has twenty-eight days clear.
And twenty-nine in each leap year.

# Let's Play.

Can you change one word into another, one letter at a time?

Example:

car \_\_\_\_ sat \_\_\_ sit

Task 1.

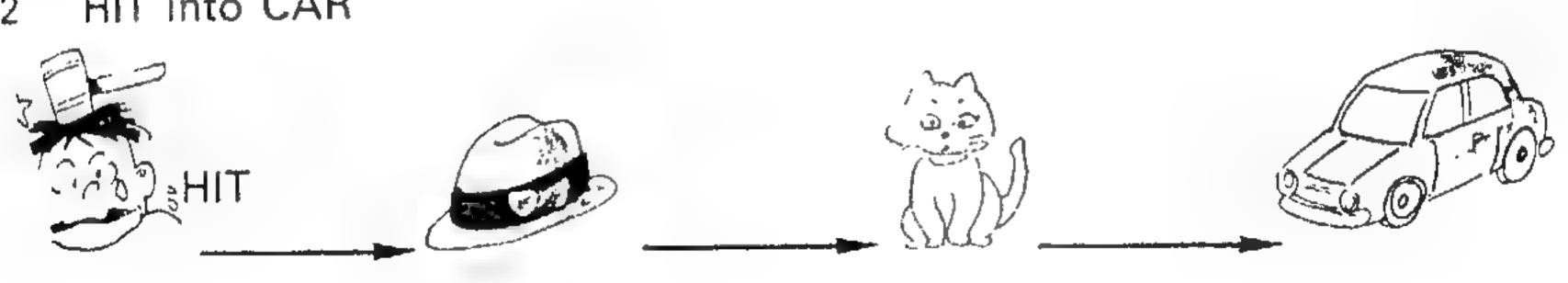
Now try:

1 CUP into MAN



Task 2

2 HIT into CAR



1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

- ask and answer

- use short responses

2. Function: Using short responses

3. Activity: Guessing Game

4. Material: C/Board

#### 5. Procedure

#### a. Preparation

Prepare your class that they are going to play a guessing game with the teacher.

#### b. Presentation

Write the word "Fruit" on the board. Take a slip of paper and write the name of any fruit on it and hide it on your hand. Ask them to guess by asking questions Write the questions on the board.

#### Questions

- Is it round in shape?
- Is it small/big?
- Is it sweet and sour?
- Is it sweet?
- ls it juicy?
- Is it soft?

#### c. Short Responses

When students ask the above questions, you should say Yes or No, using the following responses. When they, guess the name, then show the slip to them

e.g. No, it isn't. Yes it is.

No. / Yes.

#### d. Game

- You can switch on the role. Call one student from the class and ask him / her to write the name of any fruit on a slip of paper. And also hide it in his /her hand. Now the class will ask questions to guess the fruit and the person will answer using short responses
- If the class succeeds in guessing the name of the fruit, then the class will write and hide the name and the target students will ask questions. It continues until the class is not able to guess the name.

#### e. Further Practice

- for further practice, take some more topics, such as:
- Take one topic at a time and write it on the board. If they are unable to form question on the topic, write some questions according to the topic on the board

Drinks Toys Places

## \* Free Writing ----- 5 Mins.

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to:

- Read and understand
- Skim and scan
- Develop new vocabulary words

2. Skills:

Reading comprehension and Reading Aloud

3. Topic:

'What did they need?'

4. Material:

Worksheet, Text Page (What did they need?)

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Warm up

Tell your learners that they are going to read through the pictures.

#### b. Vocabulary

- Write these words on the board. Give them a drill for pronunciation. Explain the first three words by showing picture. Candy, Soccer, Bake, Need
- Write the word need on the board. Say the following examples and ask
  - I'm writing on the board. So what do I need. Pen or Chalk?
  - You are going to read. So what do you need. Book or Ball?
  - You are hungry So what do you need. Books or Food?
- Now you can explain the meaning in more simple words.
- If they don't know the meaning of 'Bake', explain by giving some examples

#### c. Scan reading

- Distribute the work sheets. Ask about the pictures.
  - a. How many pictures are there on the page?
  - b. What do you see in the 1<sup>st</sup> block, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> block?
  - c. Write the name of things in each block.

#### Peer checking and Feed back

#### d. Reading Aloud

You read the sentences and they listen. Read the sentence again and they follow you in a drill

#### e. Reading Comprehension

Ask questions about the pictures, given in each block. Ask them to read themselves and draw a circle around the best answer. Encourage them to discus with their partners while doing task. Give them enough time to handle the text.

#### e. Worksheet

Task 1 Right or Wrong Task 2 Fill in the gaps

6. Follow up: Write the names of some pictures in your H/Work copies

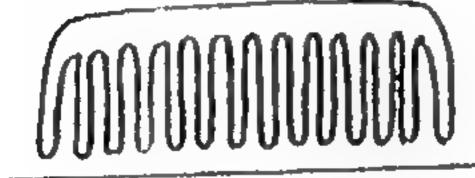
# What Did They Need?

Draw a circle around the best answer.



1. Bill and Ann went to the store to buy some candy. What did they need?

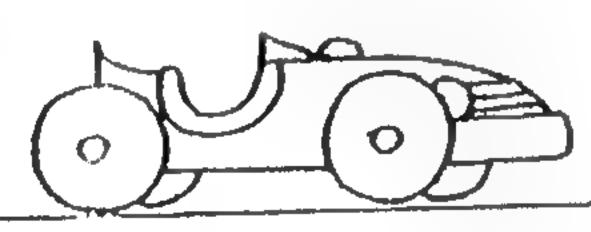




2. Jill was making a picture in her room.



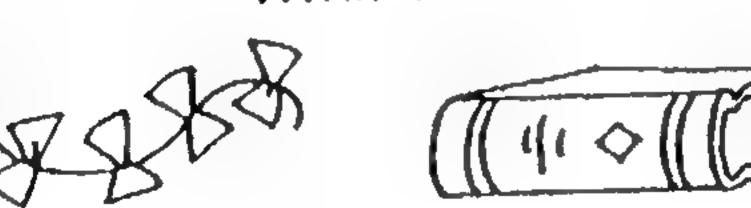




3. Tim went to the park to play soccer.

What did he need?





4. Pal was helping her mother bake cookies.
What did she need?





Level: 1		
Term: 1	Worksheet	Reading
Week: 6		
Day: 3		<u></u>
Task 1 Read the ser	tences on the text page.	
Mark Y for	right and X for wrong sent	tences.
1. Bill and An	n went to store to buy a com	b
2. Bill was eat	ng in her room.	
<b></b>	I de la Conne	
5. Im went to	park to play Soccer	
4. Pat was bak	ing cookies	
		•
Task 2. Read the ser		
Write suitab	le words for the gaps.	
- Bills and An	n needed to buy so	ome candy
I'll mooded	to make a nictur	06
- Jill needed _	to make a picture	CS
- Tim needed	to play soccer	
- Pat needed be	owl and spoon to help her m	other in

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to:

- understand the role of possessive and Apostrophe's

- use of apostrophes - s in place of - of

2. Function:

Talking about possessessions

3. Activity:

Matching and writing

4. Material:

worksheet (Whose things an they?)

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Pre-Writing

 Collect some articles like book, pen, cap from yours students, put them on the table and say the following

e.g.

This is Ahmad's cap.

b. Write the sentences on the board and highlight the use of a apostrophe's. Then explain that we can say in both ways.

#### Cap of Ahmad - Ahmad's cap, book of Nadia - Nadia's book

- Highlight the target sentences and help them to repeat after you

#### c. Worksheet

- Talk about pictures of persons and ask the names
- Talk about pictures of things
- Tell them that each things belongs to one person. They have to find out whose things they are match
- Ask orally about each

e.g.

Whose umbrella is this?

#### d. Writing

Task B – Ask them to write sentences about each person and his/her things

#### Peer checking and feedback follows each task.

6. Follow Up: Repeat task B

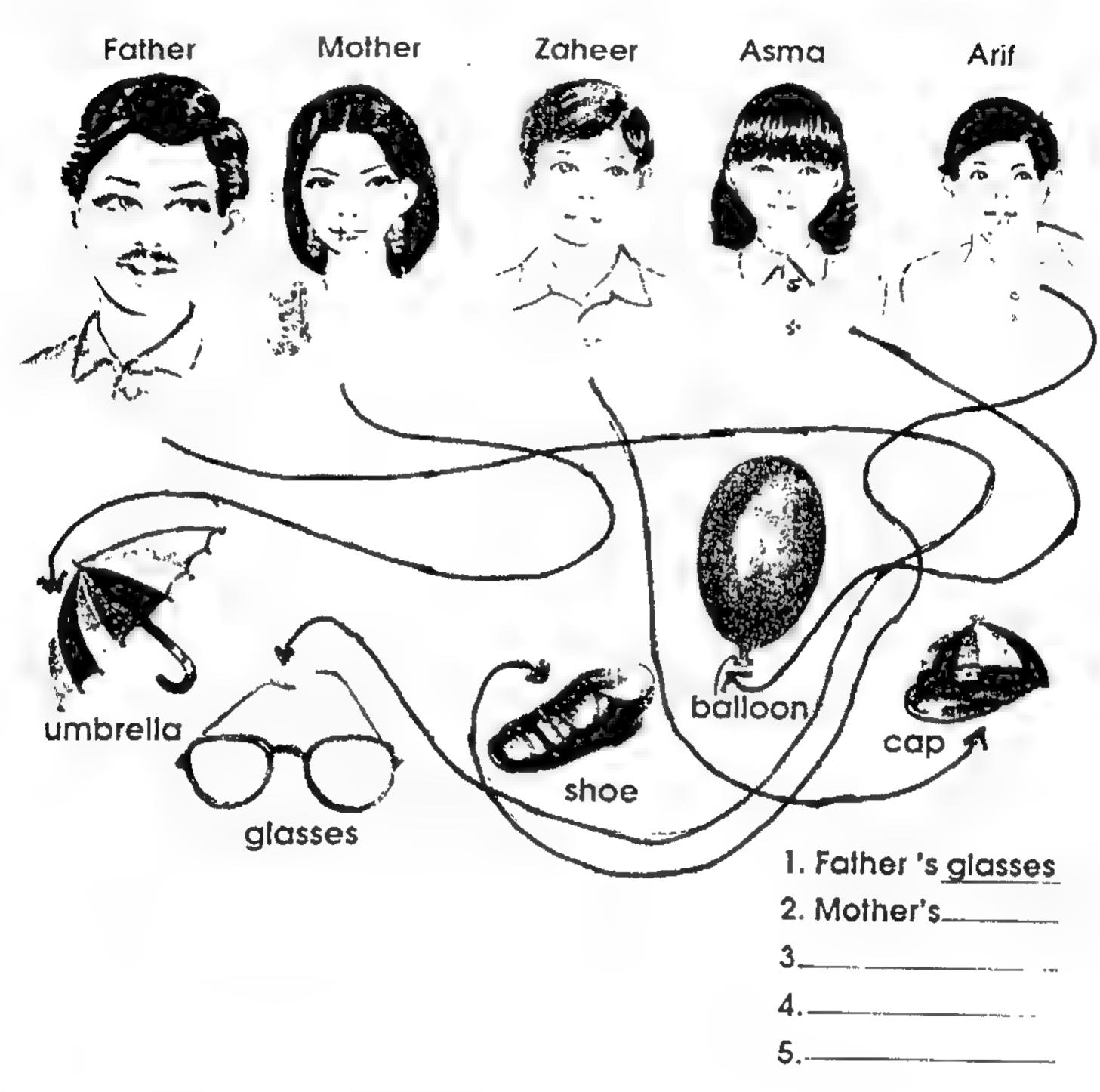
\* Free Writing ----- 5 Mins.

Worksheet

Writing

# Whose Things Are These?

Help them find and then write:



Example: Task :	These are father's glasses  Write sentences about every one and their things.
	This is

Level: 1 Term: 1 Week: 6 Day: 6	Assessment		
Task 1.	Put the following words in alphabetical order. (2)		
Net,	bat, mat, wet, rat		
Task 2:	Change one word into other and take one letter at a time (2)  Cup man		
Task 3:	Car → sit  Whose things are these  Father / shoes  These are		
	Rani / doll This is  Teacher / bag This is		
Task 4.	Read the sentences and draw a circle around the best answer. (3)		
	<ul> <li>Rani and Uzair went to the bookshop to buy a pen and pencils.</li> <li>What did they need?</li> </ul>		
	money, toys, bags, Purse.		
	<ul> <li>Haris was making a picture in his room.</li> <li>What did he need?</li> </ul>		
	spoon, crayons, ball, book.		
	<ul> <li>Salim went to the playground to play football.</li> <li>What did he need?</li> </ul>		
	kite, book, ball, bat.		

# Lesson Plan (English)

Level: 1

Term: 1

Week: 7

Communication	Reading	Writing	Assessment
a Nursery Rhyme     (Millie and Mathew)     b. Fun Activity     (Cross Word Puzzle)	Text My School	<ul> <li>Question &amp; Statement</li> <li>This is / There are</li> </ul>	×
Expressing ability and inability			

1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

- Enjoy the rhythm of the nursery rhyme

- Pronounce the rhyming words and lines of the song

2. Function: Singing a traditional rhyme

3. Activity: Singing a Rhyme

4. Material: a. Poem Page (Millie and Mathew), cassette and c. player

b. Crossword Puzzle (Across- Down)

#### 5. Procedure

Task A ...... Nursery Rhyme

a. Preparation

Tell them that they are going to listen and sing a poem song from the cassette

#### b. Introduction

- Write name of the poem song on the board.

- Discuss the topic and check the vocabulary comprehension if it is needed

#### c. Listening

Play the cassette and they will listen only

#### d. Singing

- Distribute the poem page. Ask them to move fingers on the lines while singing the poem.
- They will sing along with the cassette. You should also join them and sing in full tone and rhythm. (More then once)

e. Group Singing

Divide the class into two sections (Play the cassette again) One section recites the rhyming lines and the other listens. Then the second group sings and the first one listens

f. Stop playing the cassette and ask your students to sing themselves without listening the cassette

Task B Fun Activity ...... Crossword Puzzle(Across ---- Down)

Level: 1 Term: 1

Worksheet
(Millie and Methew)

Communication Nursery Rhyme

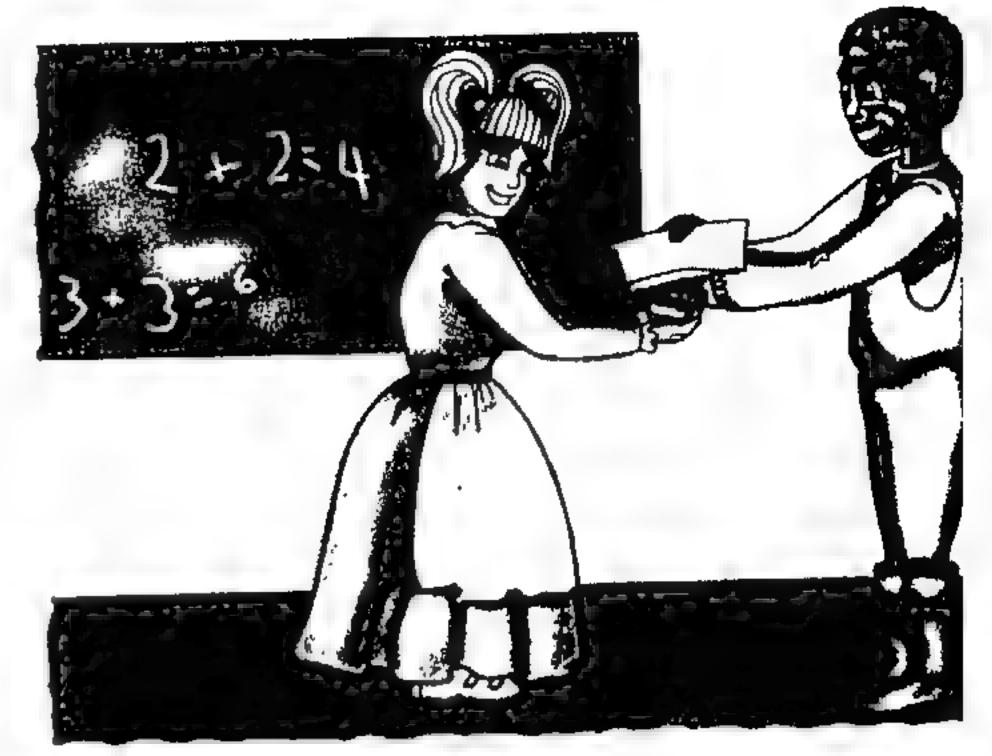
Week: 7 Day: 1

# Millie and Matthew

Millie and Matthew Are always polite. When asking permission They do it just right.

"May I be excused?"
"May I go outside?"

Millie and Matthew Are always polite. When asking a question They do it just right.



"May I have some paper, please?"
"May I have some crayons, please?"

Millie and Matthew Are always polite. When thanking someone They do it just right.

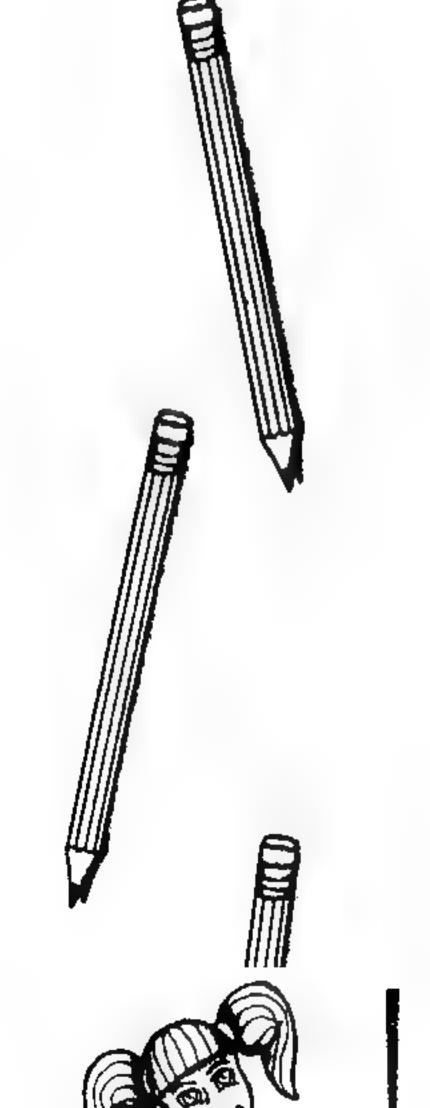
"Thank you for the paper."
"Thank you for the crayons."

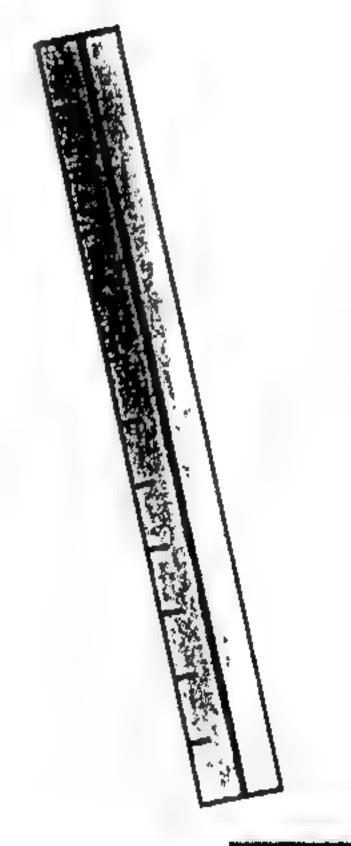
Millie and Matthew Are always polite. When answering a question They do it just right.

"Yes, Ma'am."
"Yes, Ma'am."
"No, Sir."

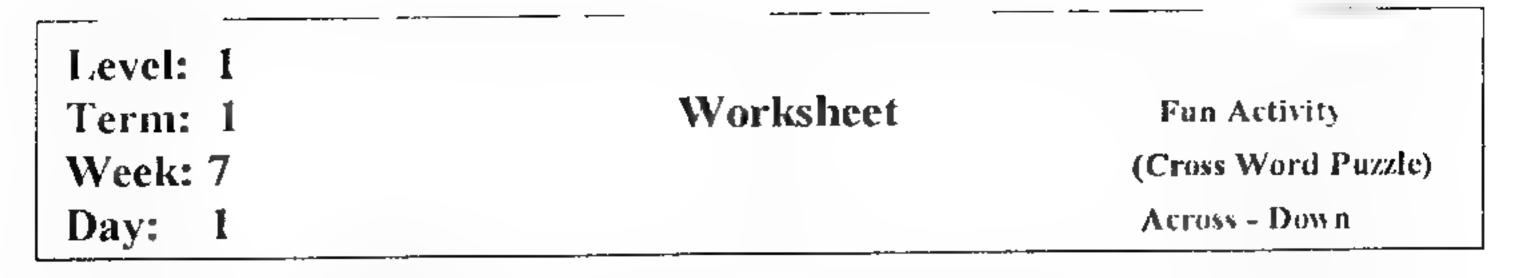
"No, Sir."

Be like Millie and Matthew
Use manners each day.
Say, "Please, may I, and thank you"
At home, school, or play.

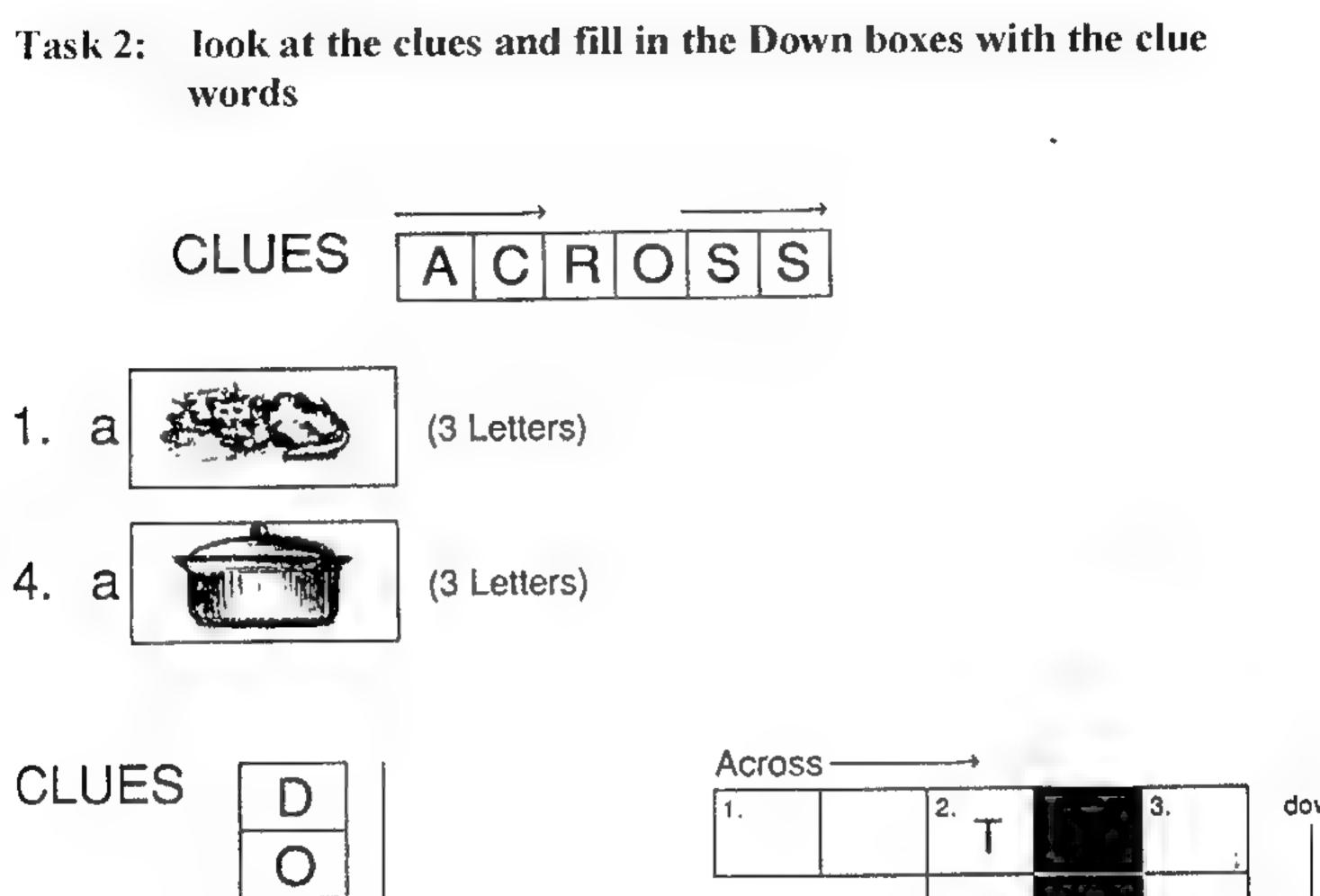


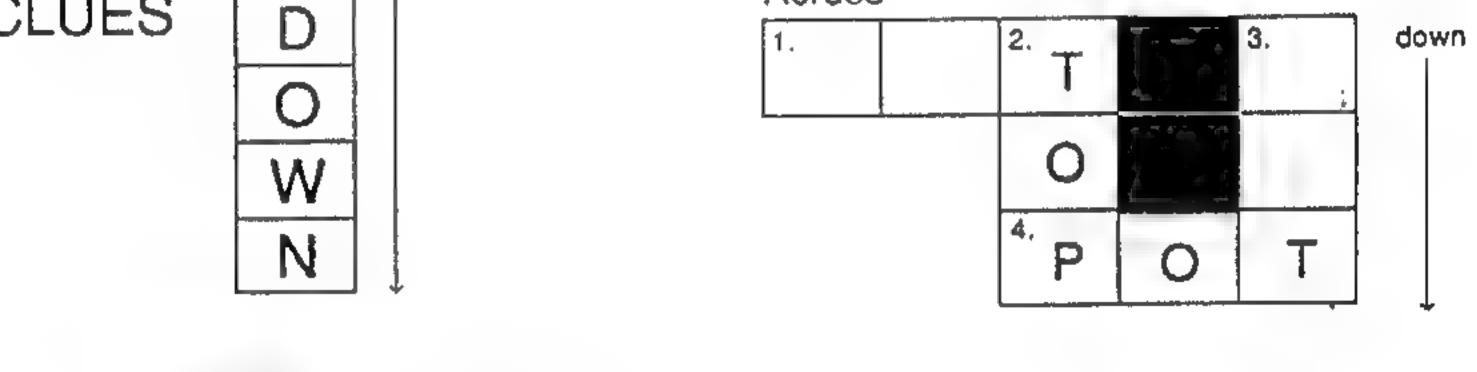


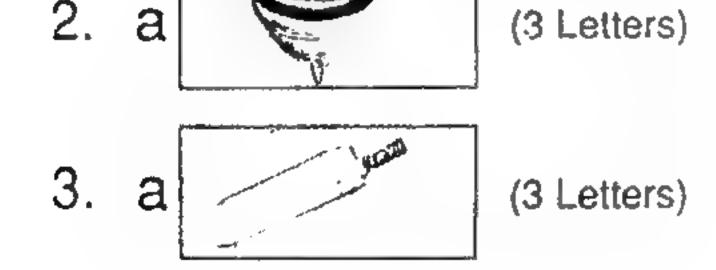




Task 1: Look at the clues and fill in the Across Boxes with the clue - words.







1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

- talk about ability and inability

2. Function: Expressing ability and inability

3. Activity: Survey, Table Reading, Table filling

4. Material: Paper sheets

#### 5. Procedure

#### a. Presentation

- Make the following table on the board.

- Write the name of activities in the boxes (you can change the activities if you like).
- Ask questions from the students and write the names of the students who can do or can not do these activities

# e.g. Who can write with a pen Who can ride a bicycle

- Write only one name in each box

Activity	Name	Name	Name	Name
Write with a	<u> </u>			
pen. Swim.			<u> </u>	
Stand on one				
leg.				
Ride a bicycle.			  -	
Cook food.				

#### b. Practice

When you have finished, read the responses given in the table and give them a drill

e.g. Asim can write.

#### Riaz can stand on our leg

#### c. Group Work

- Ask them to sit in a group of five.
- Each member will ask each other and find a person who can do an activity or can not do any activity out of the given table.
  - e.g. Riaz can swim.

#### Azra can't stand on one leg.

- After taking feed back, ask them to make a list of activities along with their names which they can do or can't do
- 6. Follow Up: They will write two activities which they can do and two activities they can't do.
  - **\*** Free Writing ----- 5 Mins.

1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

read and understand the text
 read with correct pronunciation

2. Skill: Reading comprehension (silently), Reading Aloud

3. Topic: My School

4. Material: Text Page (My School) Work sheets

#### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Warm Up:

Talk about their school, classroom, class teacher or head teacher.

#### b. Text Page

Distribute text pages and talk about the pictures

#### c. Worksheet

Task 1 Right or Wrong

Task 2 Find out what the school has

#### Peer checking and feed back follows each task

#### d. Reading Aloud

- Model Reading
- Group Reading
- Individual Reading

## 6. Follow Up:

Ask them to write four things what their school has

Level:

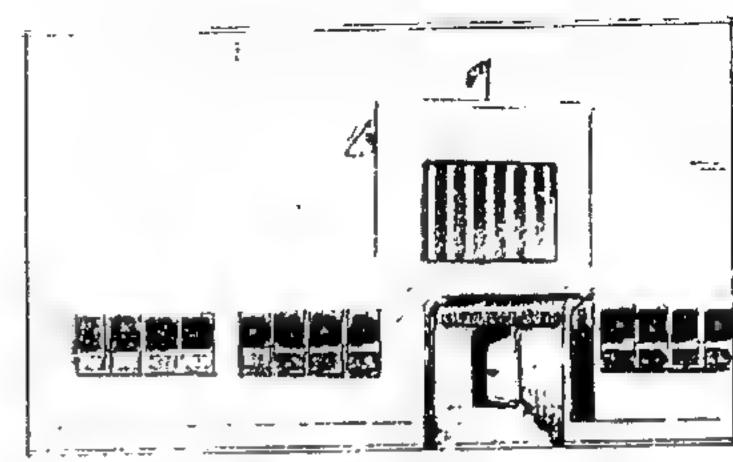
Term: 1

**Text Page** 

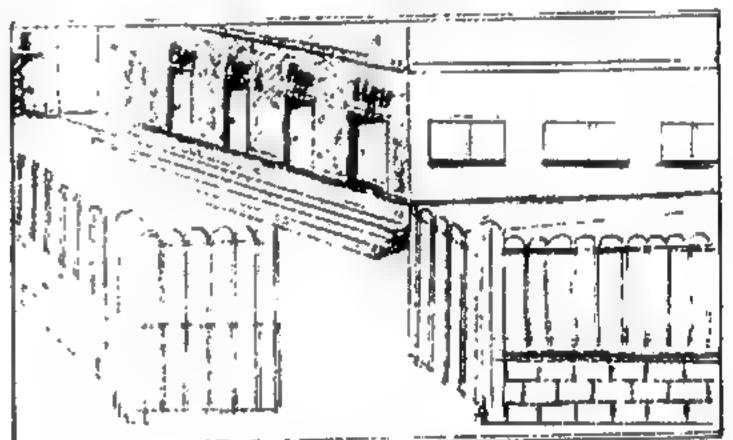
Week: 7 Day: 3

# MY SCHOOL

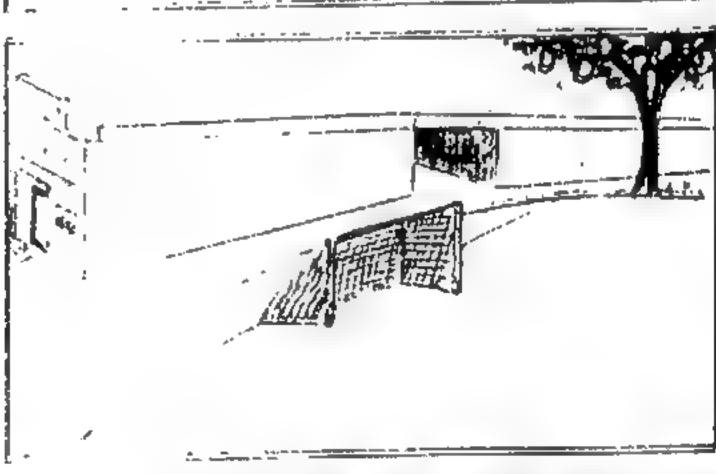
This is my school.
It is near the post office.
It has five classrooms.



Class Two is near the gate. It has three windows and a door.



There is a big playground. It has a mango tree.



Miss Salma Qazi is my teacher. I like her.



Level: 1 Term: 1	Worksheet	Reading
Week: 7		
Day: 3		

sk 1: Read the text and put a \(^2\) for v sentences in the boxes.	
1. The school has four rooms.	
2. The playground is big.	
3. Class two has five windows.	
4. The post office is near the school.	
5. Miss Salma is a head teacher.	

Task 2:	Read	the	text	and	find	out.
- ++-/						

The school has:

•	

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to.

- recognize the difference between question and statement.

- Understand the structure of a question and a sentence.

2. Function:

Writing questions and statements

3. Activity:

Working on sentences

4. Material:

Worksheet-2 pages (I can do it)

#### 5. Procedure

#### a. Pre- Writing

Write the following on the board and explain the difference between question and statement

e.g.

He can swim.

#### Can he swim?

**b.** Explain the position of verb which comes after the subject in a statement and how the statements changes into a question if we put the verb or helping before the subject.

#### c. Worksheet (page 1) Pair work

- Ask them to read the sentences aloud one by one.
- Explain again and ask them to change sentences to questions.

#### Work Sheet (page-2)

- Ask them to read questions aloud one by one.
- Explain the task again and ask them to change each question to a sentence.

#### Peer checking and feedback

#### 6. Follow Up: Repeat Task – 2

Worksheet No.1

Writing date

# Can Do It!

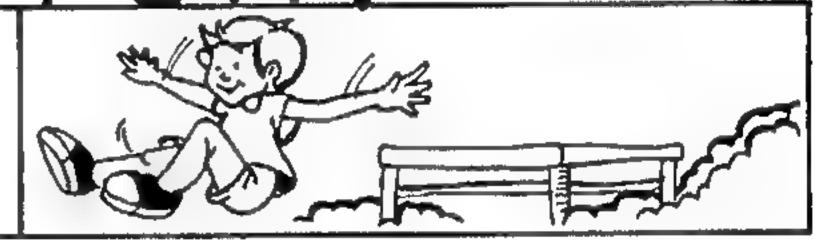
Read the sentences. Make each sentence ask a question. Write the new sentence on the line.

1. John can run.



# Can-John-run?

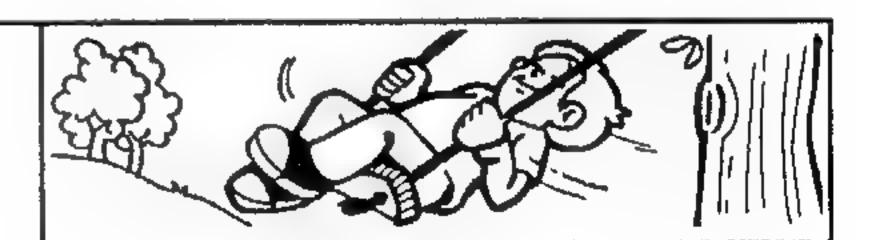
2. Tom will jump.



3. Jill can read.



4. Dan is swinging.



5. Ann will help her mother.



Level: I Terni: 1 Week: 7

Worksheet No. 2,

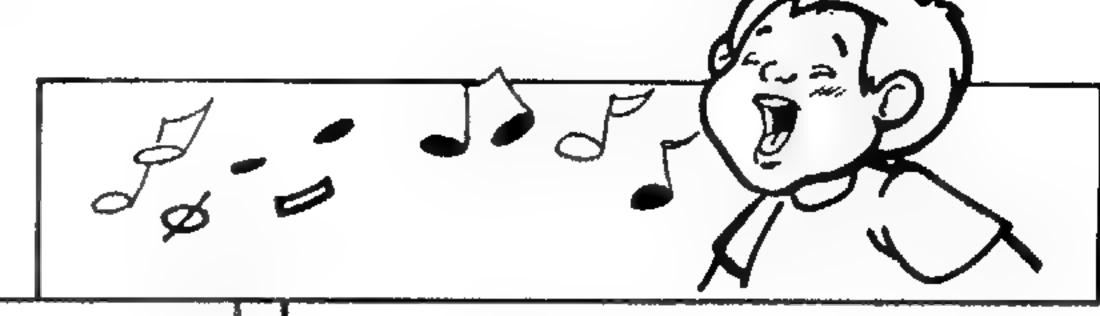
Writing date

Day: 4

# I Can Do It!

Read the sentences. Change each question to a sentence that is a statement.

1. Will Roger sing?

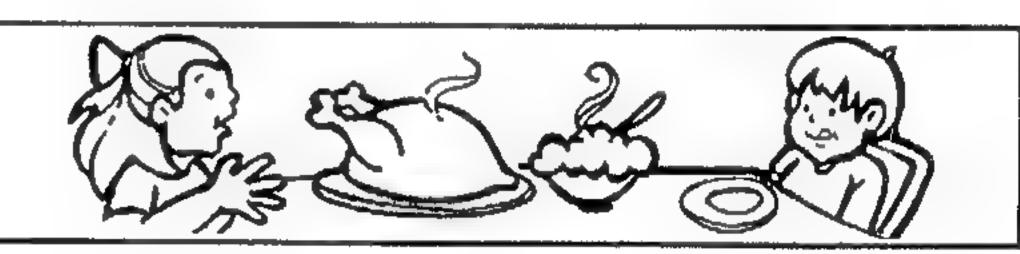


Roger will sing.

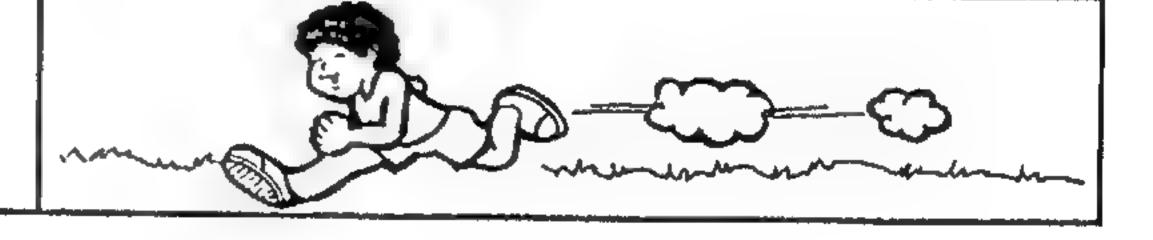
2. Can Bill play?



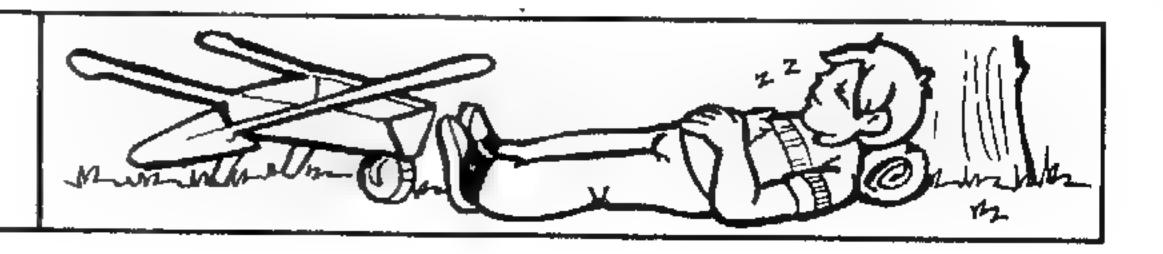
3. Is the food hot?



4. Is Lee running?



5. Will my father work?



1. Objectives: The learners will be able to:

- write sentences

- use there is /there are in a sentence

2. Function: Writing sentences3. Activity: Substitution table

4. Material: Worksheet (Ali's room)

#### 5. Procedure

#### a. Pre-Writing

- Talk about your class room and ask them to count the things there in the room.
- Write the names of things there on the board.
- Say a sentence for each there word and students follow you.

e.g. fan , table , chair

There is a fan in the room.

There are the chairs in the room.

#### b. Worksheet (pair work)

- Talk about the picture. Ask oral questions about the things in Ali's room
- Ask them to write three sentences about Ali's room. They should take help from the given table.

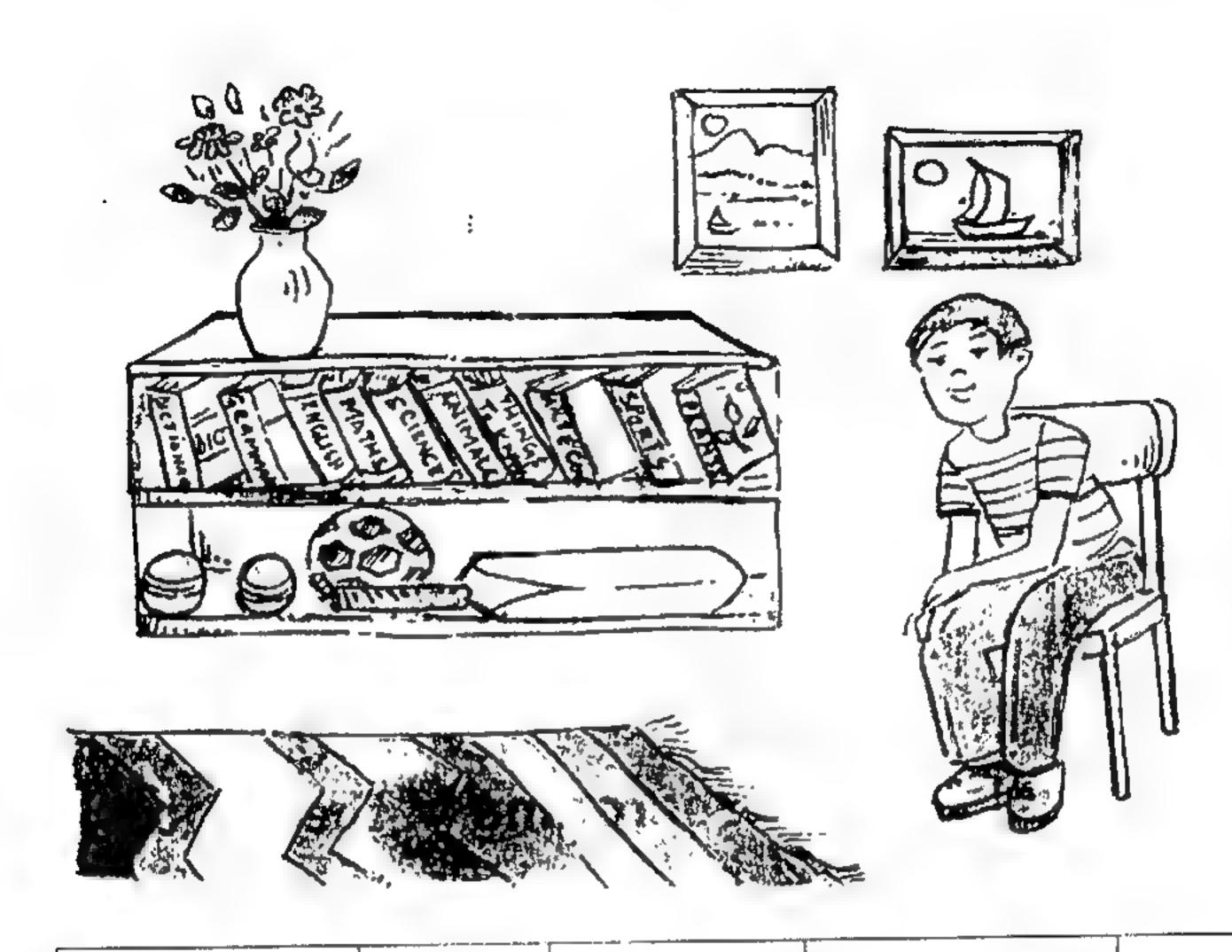
#### Peer checking and feedback follows each task

7. Follow Up: Students will write five sentences about their own class
--

\* Free Writing ----- 5 Mins.

Level: 1
Term: 1 Worksheet Writing
Week: 7
Day: 5

Count the things in Ali's room. Then make sentences using this table.



There is one balls in Ali's room. ten pictures

# Lesson Plan (English)

Level: 1

Term: 1

Week: 8

Communication	Reading	Writing	Assessment
<ul> <li>a. Nursery Rhyme</li> <li>(Mary had a Little Lamb)</li> <li>b. Fun Activity</li> <li>(Cross Word Puzzle Animals)</li> </ul>	• Poem 'Simple Simon'	• Paragraph Writing (monkey, parrot, dog)	×
Profile Cards			

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to:

- Enjoy the rhythm of the nursery rhyme

- Pronounce the rhyming words and lines of the song

2. Function:

Singing a traditional rhyme

3. Activity:

Singing a Rhyme

4. Material:

a. Poem Page (Mary had a Little Lamb), cassette and

cassette Player

b. Cross word Puzzle (Animals)

#### 5. Procedure

#### Task A

#### Nursery Rhyme

#### a. Preparation

Tell them that they are going to listen and sing a poem song from the cassette.

#### b. Introduction

- Write name of the poem song on the board.
- Discuss the topic and check the vocabulary comprehension if it is needed.

#### c. Listening

Play the cassette and they will listen only

#### d. Singing

- Distribute the poem page. Ask them to move fingers on the lines while singing the poem
- They will sing along with the cassette. You should also join them and sing in full tone and rhythm. (More then once)

#### e. Group Singing

Divide the class into two sections (Play the cassette again) One section recites the rhyming lines and the other listens. Then the second group sings and the first one listens

f. Stop playing the cassette and ask your students to sing themselves without listening to the cassette.

## Task B Fun Activity ......Crossword Puzzle (Animals)

Level: 1

Term: 1 Week: 8

Day:

Worksheet
(Mary Had a Little Lamb)

Communication

Nursery Rhyme



# Mary Had a Little Lamb

Mary had a little lamb, Little lamb, little lamb. Mary had a little lamb. Its fleece was white as snow.

And everywhere that Mary went, Mary went, Mary went. And everywhere that Mary went The lamb was sure to go.

It followed her to school one day, School one day, school one day. It followed her to school one day Which was against the rules.

It made the children laugh and play; Laugh and play, laugh and play. It made the children laugh and play To see a lamb at school. And so the teacher turned it out, Turned it out, turned it out. And so the teacher turned it out But still it lingered near.

And waited patiently about, Patiently about, patiently about. And waited patiently about Till Mary did appear.

"Why does the lamb love Mary so?"
Love Mary so, love Mary so.
"Why does the lamb love Mary so?"
The eager children cry.

"Why, Mary loves the lamb, you know, Lamb you know, lamb you know."
"Why, Mary loves the lamb you know,"
The teacher did reply.

Level: 1 Term: 1	Worksheet	Fun Activity
Week: 8		(Cross Word Puzzle)
Day: 1		Animals

Task: Find the following animals in the crosswords puzzle and connect them with the ELEPHANT. Go across and down.

ANT,	MOUSE,	RAT,	LION
TIGEI	R, GOAT,	FISH,	CAT
	E		
	L		•
	E		
	P		
	Н		
	A		
	N		•
	T		

evel: 1 rm: 1 ek: 8 : 2	Lesson Plan Communication
bjectives:	The learners will be able to:  - Listen and understand - Listen and guess
dunction:	Describing animals and birds
Activity:	Riddles Weekshoot (Diddles)
Material:	Worksheet (Riddles)
listen	isten and write numbers on the pictures according to the lines they  k when you finish reading about all the animals.
	fy and number on each picture. lete the sentences
Peer e	hecking and Feed back.
b. Ask about each	
4_1	nat is No. 1 g is over, describe each picture orally first, using the same sentence of
- Then ask them	to describe each picture orally one by one.  A, It has
	Listening text.
No.1	
	- It has got four legs and tail. You can keep it as a pet.
	- It has got two legs. It can fly. It is very small.
No. 4	- It has got four legs and a tail. It likes milk and meat. It is a very faithful animal.
No. 5	- It has four legs. Its teeth are very sharp. It can bite cloth and wood.
No. 6	- It has got four legs. It is very big. It gives milk.
6. Follow up:	Students will write two lines for any four animals.
*	Free Writing 5 Mins.

Level: 1	
Term: 1	Worksheet
Week: 8	
Day: 2	

Task 1 listen and identify.

Write numbers on the picture as you listen from you teacher.

NO	NO	NO	NO	70
Lest Mary		NO NO	The state of the s	

Task 2: Look at the picture and complete sentence.

No.1 This is a	It has
No.2 This is a	It has
No. 3	•
No. 4	
No. 5	•
No. 6	

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to:

- read the poem for pleasure

- read the lines of the poem with rhythm

2. Skills:

Reading for Pleasure

3. Topic:

Simple Simon

4. Material:

Poem Page (Simple Simon)

### 5. Procedure:

#### a. Poem Reading

Distribute the text page and follow the procedure

#### b. Pre-Reading

Talk about the things, which are relevant to the poem or heading of the poem. Ask relevant questions but not directly on the poem. Put up the picture (if available) on the board and discuss about it or ask relevant questions.

#### b. Reading.

#### Model Reading

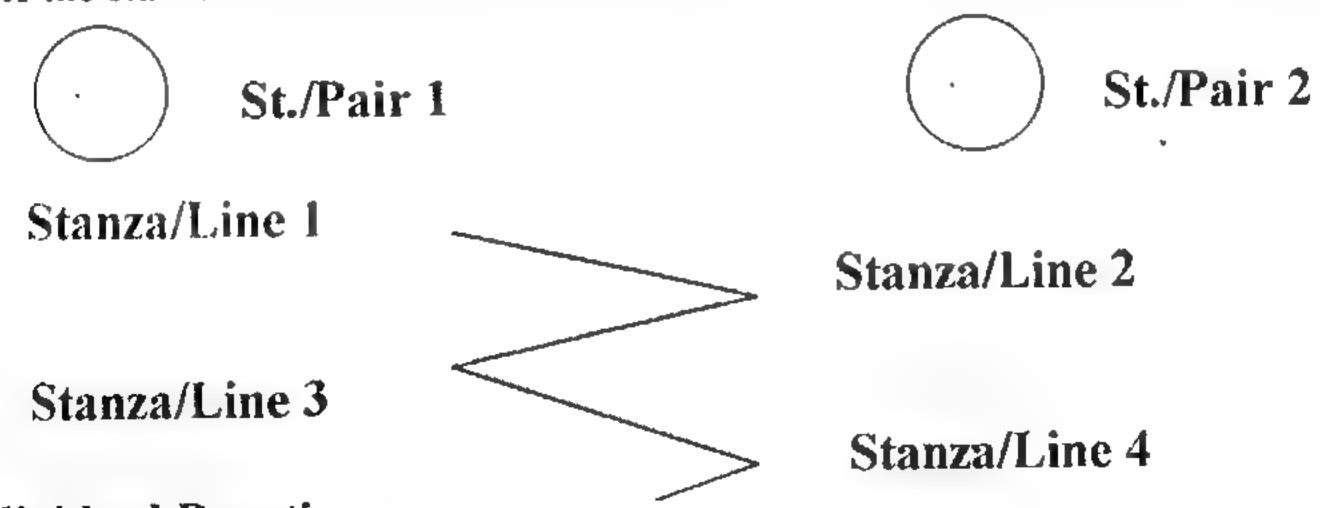
Read the poem aloud. Ask the learners to listen attentively. Recite the poem line by line and ask the learners to repeat after you in a drill form.

### **Group Practice**

Divide the class in to groups, putting four members in each group. Each group will recite the poem in chorus. If the poem is long, then one group will read one stanza at a time.

#### Pair Practice

Divide the groups into pairs. Each pair will stand up and recite the poem to the class and the class will recite the poem in chorus after them. Divide the class into pairs. Pairs will recite the stanza or lines to each other.



# Individual Practice.

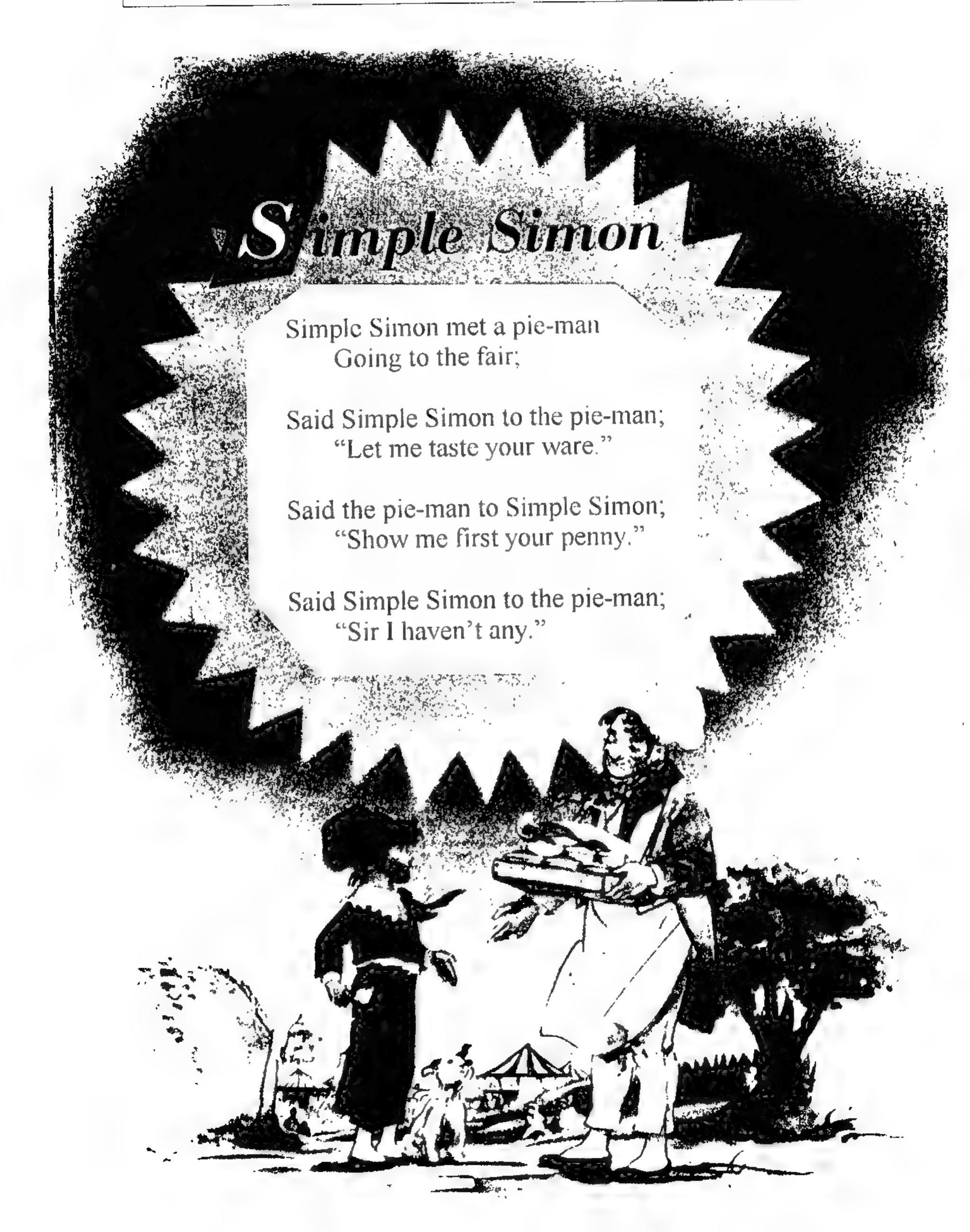
Ask them to recite the poem one by one. After much practice you can ask them to sing the poem without looking at the poem page.

Note: During the reading and singing, practice of actions and rhythm makes it lively.

Level: 1
Term: 1

Text Page

Week: 8 Day: 3



Level: 1
Term: 1
Week: 8
Day: 4

Lesson Plan
Writing

1. Objectives:

The learners will be able to:

write sentences in a form of paragraph
 write sentences on a selected topic

2. Function:

Selecting and sequencing the sentences

3. Activity:

Paragraph writing

4. Material:

Worksheet, pictures of a parrot, a dog or a monkey

## 5. Procedure:

# a. Pre-writing

- Prepare your learners that they are going to write a paragraph about a bird or an animal.
- Show the picture of a parrot, a monkey, and a dog or draw the pictures on the board.

# b. Worksheet (Task 1)

- Distribute the worksheets.
- Explain the task.
- Help them in reading sentences

## c. Writing (Task 2)

- Divide the class into three groups or six groups
- Asks them to write a paragraph on one of the topics. If they are in six groups, then two groups will write on one topic.

#### d. Task 3

After taking feed back from each group, ask them to write the two remaining paragraphs.

6. Follow Up: Repeat task C and ask them to write a paragraph on any one.

Level:		<b>NN</b> /:4:
Term:		Writing
Weck: Day:		
	Choose any one phrase from each and write a	story.
1.	I have a	
	( big black dog / green parrot / little brown n	nonkey)
2.	He likes eating	
	(green chilies / yellow bananas / big bones)	
3.	He	
	(swings high / barks loudly / sings sweetly)	
4.	He	•
	( walks with me to school / sits on my hand /	sits on my shoulder
5.	At night he sleeps	_
	(in the cage / near the door / on my chair)	
Task 2	Complete the paragraph.	
	I have a big black dog. He likes eating	•
	He	•
	At night he sleeps	•
Task 3	Write another paragraph.	
	I have a	

,

Level: 1		
Term: 1	Assessment	
Week: 8		
Day: 6		

Take the words from each hox and write correct sentences Task 1:

There	is /are	one	chairs board fan	in ours classroom
		two	tables	
: Rea	d the sentences	s and change	each senten	ces into a quest
	d the sentences		each senten	ces into a quest
			each senten	ces into a quest
Raz		er a wall.	each senten	•

Task 3: Complete the puzzle.

В	T	
	P	N

Task 4: Read the following passage and find out what your school has.

I study in Agahi Primary School. It is near the Habib Bank. It has five classrooms and an office for head teacher. There is a small playground at the back of classrooms. It has a swing and a see-saw at one side. We daily play there.